Preferred provider organization (HSA) medical plan

Certificate of coverage
Prepared exclusively for:
Policyholder: Government of Guam
Policyholder number:
Plan name: Certificate-HSA-2000
Group policy effective date: October 1, 2020
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Welcome

Introduction
This is your certificate of coverage or “certificate.” It describes your covered services – what they are and how to get them. The schedule of benefits tells you how we share expenses for covered services and explains any limits. Along with the group policy, they describe your ______ plan. Each may have amendments attached to them. These change or add to the document. This certificate takes the place of any others sent to you before.

It’s really important that you read the entire certificate and your schedule of benefits. You can return them to us, within 30 days, if you are not happy with the coverage. When you do, we will cancel coverage as of your start date. We’ll also refund any premium contribution minus any benefits that have been paid. This doesn’t apply to transferred business. See the Effect of prior coverage.

If your coverage under any part of this plan replaces coverage under another plan, your coverage for benefits provided under the other coverage may reduce benefits paid by this plan. See the General coverage provisions section of the schedule of benefits.

If you need help or information, see the Contact us section below.

How we use words
When we use:
- “You” and “your” we mean you and any covered dependents (if your plan allows dependent coverage)
- “Us,” “we,” and “our” we mean ______
- Words that are in bold, we define them in the Glossary section

Contact us
For questions about your plan, you can contact us by:
- Calling the toll-free number on your ID card
- Logging in to the ______ website at __________________________________________
- Writing us at _____________________________

Your member website is with the following capabilities:

Your ID card
Show your ID card each time you get covered services from a provider. Only members on your plan can use your ID card. We will mail you your ID card. If you haven’t received it before you need covered services, or if you lose it, you can print a temporary one using the _____ website.

Wellness and other rewards
You may be eligible <carrier to list here>

Discount arrangements
We can offer you discounts on
Coverage and exclusions

Your plan provides covered services. These are:
- Described in this section.
- Not listed as an exclusion in this section or the General plan exclusions section.
- Not beyond any limits in the schedule of benefits.
- Medically necessary. See the section and the for more information.

For covered services under the outpatient prescription drug plan:
- You need a prescription from the prescribing provider
- You need to show your ID card to the network pharmacy when you get a prescription filled

This plan provides insurance coverage for many kinds of covered services, such as a doctor’s care and hospital stays, but some services aren’t covered at all or are limited. For other services, the plan pays more of the expense.

For example:

Some services require precertification from us. For more information see the section.

The covered services and exclusions below appear alphabetically to make it easier to find what you’re looking for. You can find out about limitations for covered services in the schedule of benefits. If you have questions, contact us.

Acupuncture
Covered services include acupuncture services provided by a physician if the service is provided as a form of anesthesia in connection with a covered surgical procedure.

The following are not covered services:
- Acupuncture, other than for anesthesia
- Acupressure

Ambulance services
An ambulance is a vehicle staffed by medical personnel and equipped to transport an ill or injured person.

Emergency
Covered services include emergency transport to a hospital by a licensed ambulance:
- To the first hospital to provide emergency services
- From one hospital to another if the first hospital can’t provide the emergency services you need
- When your condition is unstable and requires medical supervision and rapid transport

Non-emergency
Covered services also include precertified transportation to a hospital by a licensed ambulance:
- From a hospital to your home or to another facility if an ambulance is the only safe way to transport you;
- From your home to a hospital if an ambulance is the only safe way to transport you;
- When during a covered inpatient stay at a hospital, skilled nursing facility or acute rehabilitation hospital, an ambulance is required to safely and adequately transport you to or from inpatient or outpatient treatment
The following are not **covered services**:
- Non-emergency airplane transportation by an **out-of-network provider**
- Ambulance services for routine transportation to receive outpatient or inpatient services

**Applied behavior analysis**

**Covered services** include certain early intensive behavioral interventions such as ___________. Applied behavior analysis is an educational service that is the process of applying interventions that:
- Systematically change behavior
- Are responsible for observable improvements in behavior

**Autism spectrum disorder**

Autism spectrum disorder is defined in the most recent edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM) of the American Psychiatric Association.

**Covered services** include services and supplies provided by a **physician** or **behavioral health provider** for:
- The diagnosis and treatment of autism spectrum disorder
- Physical, occupational, and speech therapy associated with the diagnosis of autism spectrum disorder

**Clinical trials**

**Routine patient costs**

**Covered services** include routine patient costs you have from a **provider** in connection with participation in an approved clinical trial as defined in the federal Public Health Service Act, Section 2709.

The following are not **covered services**:
- Services and supplies related to data collection and record-keeping needed only for the clinical trial
- Services and supplies provided by the trial sponsor for free
- The experimental intervention itself (except Category B investigational devices and promising **experimental or investigational** interventions for **terminal illnesses** in certain clinical trials in accordance with our policies)

**Experimental or investigational therapies**

**Covered services** include drugs, devices, treatments, or procedures from a **provider** under an “approved clinical trial” only when you have cancer or a **terminal illness**. All of the following conditions must be met:

An approved clinical trial is one that meets all of these requirements:
- The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has approved the drug, device, treatment, or procedure to be investigated or has granted it investigational new drug (IND) or group c/treatment IND status, when this is required
- The clinical trial has been approved by an institutional review board that will oversee it
- The clinical trial is sponsored by the National Cancer Institute (NCI) or similar federal organization and:
  - It conforms to standards of the NCI or other applicable federal organization
  - It takes place at an NCI-designated cancer center or at more than one institution
- You are treated in accordance with the procedures of that study

**Routine patient costs**

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The following are not **covered services**:
• Services and supplies related to data collection and record-keeping needed only for the clinical trial
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• The experimental intervention itself (except Category B investigational devices and promising experimental or investigational interventions for terminal illnesses in certain clinical trials in accordance with our policies)

Experimental or investigational therapies
Covered services include drugs, devices, treatments, or procedures from a provider under an “approved clinical trial” only when you have cancer or a terminal illness. All of the following conditions must be met:
• Standard therapies have not been effective or are not appropriate
• We determine you may benefit from the treatment

An approved clinical trial is one that meets all of these requirements:
• The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has approved the drug, device, treatment, or procedure to be investigated or has granted it investigational new drug (IND) or group c/treatment IND status, when this is required
• The clinical trial has been approved by an institutional review board that will oversee it
• The clinical trial is sponsored by the National Cancer Institute (NCI) or similar federal organization and:
  – It conforms to standards of the NCI or other applicable federal organization
  – It takes place at an NCI-designated cancer center or at more than one institution
• You are treated in accordance with the procedures of that study

Diabetic services, supplies, equipment, and self-care programs
Covered services include:
• Services
  – Foot care to minimize the risk of infection
• Supplies
  – Injection devices including syringes, needles and pens
  – Test strips - blood glucose, ketone and urine
  – Blood glucose calibration liquid
  – Lancet devices and kits
  – Alcohol swabs
• Equipment
  – External insulin pumps and pump supplies
  – Blood glucose monitors without special features, unless required due to blindness
• Prescribed self-care programs with a health care provider certified in diabetes self-care training

Durable medical equipment (DME)
DME and the accessories needed to operate it are:
• Made to withstand prolonged use
• Mainly used in the treatment of illness or injury
• Suited for use in the home
• Not normally used by people who do not have an illness or injury
• Not for altering air quality or temperature
• Not for exercise or training

Your plan only covers the same type of DME that Medicare covers but, there are some DME items Medicare covers that your plan does not.
**Covered services** include the expense of renting or buying DME and accessories you need to operate the item from a DME supplier. If you purchase DME, that purchase is only covered if you need it for long-term use.

**Covered services** also include:
- One item of DME for the same or similar purpose
- Repairing DME due to normal wear and tear
- A new DME item you need because your physical condition has changed
- Buying a new DME item to replace one that was damaged due to normal wear, if it would be cheaper than repairing it or renting a similar item

The following are not **covered services**:
- Communication aid
- Elevator
- Maintenance and repairs that result from misuse or abuse
- Massage table
- Message device (personal voice recorder)
- Over bed table
- Portable whirlpool pump
- Sauna bath
- Telephone alert system
- Vision aid
- Whirlpool

**Emergency services**
When you experience an **emergency medical condition**, you should go to the nearest emergency room. You can also dial 911 or your local emergency response service for medical and ambulance help.

**Covered services** include only outpatient services to evaluate and stabilize an **emergency medical condition** in a hospital emergency room. You can get emergency services from network providers or out-of-network providers.

If your **physician** decides you need to **stay** in the hospital (emergency admission) or receive follow-up care, these are not emergency services. Different benefits and requirements apply. You can also contact us or your network **physician** or **primary care physician** (PCP).

**Non-emergency services**
If you go to an emergency room for what is not an emergency medical condition, the plan may not cover your expenses. See the schedule of benefits for this information.

**Habilitation therapy services**
Habilitation therapy services help you keep, learn or improve skills and functioning for daily living (e.g. therapy for a child who isn’t walking or talking at the expected age). The services must follow a specific treatment plan, ordered by your **physician**. The services must be performed by a:
- Licensed or certified physical, occupational or speech therapist
- **Hospital**, skilled nursing facility or hospice facility
- **Home health care agency**
- **Physician**
Outpatient physical, occupational, and speech therapy

Covered services include:
- Physical therapy if it is expected to develop any impaired function
- Occupational therapy if it is expected to develop any impaired function
- Speech therapy if it is expected to develop speech function that resulted from delayed development
  (speech function is the ability to express thoughts, speak words and form sentences)

The following are not covered services:
- Services provided in an educational or training setting or to teach sign language
- Vocational rehabilitation or employment counseling

Hearing aids

Hearing aid means:
- Any wearable, non-disposable instrument or device designed to aid or make up for impaired hearing
- Parts, attachments or accessories

Covered services include prescribed hearing aids and the following hearing aid services:
- Audiometric hearing visit and evaluation for a hearing aid prescription performed by:
  - A physician certified as an otolaryngologist or otologist
  - An audiologist who:
    - Is legally qualified in audiology
    - Holds a certificate of Clinical Competence in Audiology from the American Speech and Hearing Association in the absence of any licensing requirements
    - Performs the exam at the written direction of a legally qualified otolaryngologist or otologist
- Electronic hearing aids, installed in accordance with a prescription written during a covered hearing exam
- Any other related services necessary to access, select, and adjust or fit a hearing aid

The following are not covered services:
- Replacement of:
  - A hearing aid that is lost, stolen or broken
  - A hearing aid installed within a 36 month period
- Replacement parts or repairs for a hearing aid
- Batteries or cords
- A hearing aid that does not meet the specifications prescribed for correction of hearing loss

Hearing exams

Covered services include hearing exams for evaluation and treatment of illness, injury or hearing loss when performed by a hearing specialist.

The following are not covered services:
- Hearing exams given during a stay in a hospital or other facility, except those provided to newborns as part of the overall hospital stay

Home health care

Covered services include home health care provided by a home health care agency in the home, but only when all of the following criteria are met:
- You are homebound
- Your physician orders them
• The services take the place of a stay in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, or you are unable to receive the same services outside your home
• The services are a part of a home health care plan
• The services are skilled nursing services, home health aide services or medical social services, or are short-term speech, physical or occupational therapy
• Home health aide services are provided under the supervision of a registered nurse
• Medical social services are provided by or supervised by a physician or social worker

If you are discharged from a hospital or skilled nursing facility after a stay, the intermittent requirement may be waived to allow coverage for continuous skilled nursing services. See the schedule of benefits for more information on the intermittent requirement.

Short-term physical, speech, and occupational therapy provided in the home are subject to the same conditions and limitations imposed on therapy provided outside the home. See _________ in this section and the schedule of benefits.

The following are not covered services:
• Custodial care
• Services provided outside of the home (such as in conjunction with school, vacation, work, or recreational activities)
• Transportation
• Services or supplies provided to a minor or dependent adult when a family member or caregiver is not present

Hospice care
Covered services include inpatient and outpatient hospice care when given as part of a hospice care program.

The types of hospice care services that are eligible for coverage include:
• Room and board
• Services and supplies furnished to you on an inpatient or outpatient basis
• Services by a hospice care agency or hospice care provided in a hospital
• Psychological and dietary counseling
• Pain management and symptom control

Hospice care services provided by the providers below will be covered, even if the providers are not an employee of the hospice care agency responsible for your care:
• A physician for consultation or case management
• A physical or occupational therapist
• A home health care agency for:
  - Physical and occupational therapy
  - Medical supplies
  - Outpatient prescription drugs
  - Psychological counseling
  - Dietary counseling

The following are not covered services:
• Funeral arrangements
• Pastoral counseling
• Financial or legal counseling including estate planning and the drafting of a will
• Homemaker services, caretaker services, or any other services not solely related to your care, which may include:
  – Sitter or companion services for you or other family members
  – Transportation
  – Maintenance of the house

**Hospital care**

**Covered services** include inpatient and outpatient hospital care. This includes:

- Semi-private room and board. Your plan will cover the extra expense of a private room when appropriate because of your medical condition.
- Services and supplies provided by the outpatient department of a hospital, including the facility charge.
- Services of physicians employed by the hospital.
- Administration of blood and blood derivatives, but not the expense of the blood or blood product.

The following are not covered services:

- All services and supplies provided in:
  – Rest homes
  – Any place considered a person’s main residence or providing mainly custodial or rest care
  – Health resorts
  – Spas
  – Schools or camps

**Infertility services**

**Basic infertility**

**Covered services** include seeing a provider:

- To diagnose and evaluate the underlying medical cause of infertility.
- To do surgery to treat the underlying medical cause of infertility. Examples are endometriosis surgery or, for men, varicocele surgery.

The following are not covered services:

- All infertility services associated with or in support of an ovulation induction cycle while on injectable medication to stimulate the ovaries. This includes, but is not limited to, imaging, laboratory services, and professional services.
- Artificial insemination services.

**Maternity and related newborn care**

**Covered services** include pregnancy (prenatal) care, care after delivery and obstetrical services. After your child is born, covered services include:

- No less than 48 hours of inpatient care in a hospital after a vaginal delivery
- No less than 96 hours of inpatient care in a hospital after a cesarean delivery
- A shorter stay, if the attending physician, with the consent of the mother, discharges the mother or newborn earlier

Covered services also include services and supplies needed for circumcision by a provider.

The following are not covered services:

- Any services and supplies related to births that take place in the home or in any other place not licensed to perform deliveries

**Mental health treatment**
Covered services include the treatment of mental disorders provided by a hospital, psychiatric hospital, residential treatment facility, physician, or behavioral health provider including:

- Inpatient room and board at the semi-private room rate (your plan will cover the extra expense of a private room when appropriate because of your medical condition), and other services and supplies related to your condition that are provided during your stay in a hospital, psychiatric hospital, or residential treatment facility
- Outpatient treatment received while not confined as an inpatient in a hospital, psychiatric hospital, or residential treatment facility, including:
  - Office visits to a physician or behavioral health provider such as a psychiatrist, psychologist, social worker, or licensed professional counselor (includes telemedicine consultation)
  - Individual, group, and family therapies for the treatment of mental disorders
  - Other outpatient mental health treatment such as:
    o Partial hospitalization treatment provided in a facility or program for mental health treatment provided under the direction of a physician
    o Intensive outpatient program provided in a facility or program for mental health treatment provided under the direction of a physician
    o Skilled behavioral health services provided in the home, but only when all of the following criteria are met:
      ▪ You are homebound
      ▪ Your physician orders them
      ▪ The services take the place of a stay in a hospital or a residential treatment facility, or you are unable to receive the same services outside your home
      ▪ The skilled behavioral health care is appropriate for the active treatment of a condition, illness, or disease to avoid placing you at risk for serious complications
    o Electro-convulsive therapy (ECT)
    o Transcranial magnetic stimulation (TMS)
    o Psychological testing
    o Neuropsychological testing
    o 23 hour observation
    o Peer counseling support by a peer support specialist

A peer support specialist serves as a role model, mentor, coach, and advocate. They must be certified by the state where the services are provided or a private certifying organization recognized by us. Peer support must be supervised by a behavioral health provider.

Obesity surgery and services
Obesity surgery is a type of procedure performed on people who are morbidly obese for the purpose of losing weight. Your physician will determine whether you qualify for obesity surgery.

Covered services include:

- An initial medical history and physical exam
- Diagnostic tests given or ordered during the first exam
- Outpatient prescription drugs included under the Outpatient prescription drugs section
- One obesity surgical procedure
- A multi-stage procedure when planned and approved by us
- Adjustments after an approved lap band procedure, including approved adjustments in an office or outpatient setting

The following are not covered services:

- Weight management treatment
• Drugs intended to decrease or increase body weight, control weight or treat obesity except as described in the certificate.
• Preventive care services for obesity screening and weight management interventions, regardless of whether there are other related conditions. This includes:
  - Drugs, stimulants, preparations, foods or diet supplements, dietary regimens and supplements, food supplements, appetite suppressants and other medications
  - Hypnosis, or other forms of therapy
• Exercise programs, exercise equipment, membership to health or fitness clubs, recreational therapy or other forms of activity or activity enhancement

Oral and maxillofacial surgery (treatment of mouth, jaws and teeth)

Covered services include the following when provided by a physician, a dentist and hospital:
• Surgery needed to:
  - Cut out cysts, tumors, or other diseased tissues.
  - Cut into gums and tissues of the mouth. This is only covered when not done in connection with the removal, replacement or repair of teeth.
• Related dental services are limited to:
  - The first placement of a permanent crown or cap to repair a broken tooth
  - The first placement of dentures or bridgework to replace lost teeth
  - Orthodontic therapy to pre-position teeth

The following are not covered services:
• Services normally covered under a dental plan
• Dental implants

Outpatient surgery

Covered services include services provided and supplies used in connection with outpatient surgery performed in a surgery center or a hospital’s outpatient department.

Important note:
Some surgeries can be done safely in a physician’s office. For those surgeries, your plan will pay only for physician, PCP services and not for a separate fee for facilities.

The following are not covered services:
• A stay in a hospital (see _______ this section)
• A separate facility charge for surgery performed in a physician’s office
• Services of another physician for the administration of a local anesthetic

Physician services

Covered services include services by your physician to treat an illness or injury. You can get services:
• At the physician’s office
• In your home
• In a hospital
• From any other inpatient or outpatient facility
• By way of telemedicine
Important note:
For behavioral health services, all in-person, covered services with a behavioral health provider are also covered services, either by a network or out-of-network provider, if you use telemedicine instead.

Telemedicine may have a different cost share from other physician services. See your schedule of benefits.

Other services and supplies that your physician may provide:
- Allergy testing and allergy injections
- Radiological supplies, services, and tests
- Immunizations that are not covered as preventive care

Prescription drugs - outpatient
Read this section carefully. This plan does not cover all prescription drugs and some coverage may be limited. This doesn’t mean you can’t get prescription drugs that aren’t covered; you can, but you have to pay for them yourself. For more information about prescription drug benefits, including limits, see the schedule of benefits.

Important note:
A pharmacy may refuse to fill or refill a prescription when, in the professional judgement of the pharmacist, it should not be filled or refilled.

Covered services are based on the drugs in the drug guide. Your cost may be higher if you’re prescribed a prescription drug that is not listed in the drug guide. You can find out if a prescription drug is covered; see the Contact us section.

Your provider can give you a prescription in different ways including:
- A written prescription that you take to a network pharmacy
- Calling or e-mailing a prescription to a network pharmacy
- Submitting the prescription to a network pharmacy electronically

Prescription drug synchronization
If you are prescribed multiple maintenance medications and would like to have them each dispensed on the same fill date for your convenience, your network pharmacy can coordinate that for you. This is called synchronization. We will apply a prorated daily cost share rate, to a partial fill of a maintenance drug, if needed, to synchronize your prescription drugs.

How to access network pharmacies
You can find a network pharmacy either online or by phone. See the Contact us section for how.

You may go to any of our network pharmacies. If you don’t get your prescriptions at a selected pharmacy, your prescriptions will not be a covered service under the plan. Pharmacies include network retail, mail order and specialty pharmacies.

Some prescription drugs are subject to quantity limits. This helps your provider and pharmacy ensure your prescription drug is being used correctly and safely. We rely on medical guidelines, FDA-approved recommendations and other criteria developed by us to set these limits.

Any prescription drug made to work beyond one month shall require the copayment amount that equals the expected duration of the medication.
The pharmacy may substitute a \textit{generic prescription drug} for a \textit{brand-name prescription drug}. Your cost share may be less if you use a \textit{generic drug} when it is available.

\textbf{Pharmacy types}

\textbf{Retail pharmacy}
A \textit{retail pharmacy} may be used for up to a 365 day supply of \textit{prescription} drugs. A network \textit{retail pharmacy} will submit your claim. You will pay your cost share directly to the pharmacy. There are no claim forms to complete or submit.

\textbf{Mail order pharmacy}
The drugs available through mail order are maintenance drugs that you take on a regular basis for a chronic or long-term medical condition. Each \textit{prescription} and refill is limited to a maximum 365 day supply.

\textbf{Specialty pharmacy}
We cover \textit{specialty prescription drugs} when filled through a network \textit{retail} or \textit{specialty pharmacy}. Each \textit{prescription} is limited to a maximum 30 day supply. You can view the list of \textit{specialty prescription drugs}. See the \textit{Contact us} section for how.

\textbf{Prescription drugs covered by this plan are subject to misuse, waste, or abuse utilization review by us, your provider, and/or your network pharmacy. The outcome of this review may include:}
- Limiting coverage of a drug to one prescribing \textit{provider} or one network pharmacy
- Quantity, dosage or day supply limits
- Requiring a partial fill or denial of coverage

\textbf{What if the pharmacy you use leaves the network}
Sometimes a pharmacy might leave the network. If this happens, you will have to get your \textit{prescriptions} filled at another network pharmacy. You can use your \textit{provider} directory or call us to find another network pharmacy in your area.

\textbf{Other covered services}

\textbf{Anti-cancer drugs taken by mouth, including chemotherapy drugs}
\textbf{Covered services} include any drug prescribed for cancer treatment. The drug must be recognized for treating cancer in standard reference materials or medical literature even if it isn’t approved by the FDA for this treatment.

\textbf{Contraceptives (birth control)}
For females who are able to become pregnant, \textit{covered services} include certain drugs and devices that the FDA has approved to prevent pregnancy. You will need a \textit{prescription} from your \textit{provider} and must fill it at a network pharmacy. At least one form of each FDA-approved contraception method is a \textit{covered service}. You can access a list of covered drugs and devices. See the \textit{Contact us} section for how.

We also cover over-the-counter (OTC) and \textit{generic prescription drugs} and devices for each method of birth control approved by the FDA at no cost to you. If a generic drug or device is not available for a certain method, we will cover the \textit{brand-name prescription drug} or device at no cost share.
Preventive contraceptives important note:
You may qualify for a medical exception if your provider determines that the contraceptives covered as preventive covered services under the plan are not medically appropriate for you. Your provider may request a medical exception and submit it to us for review.

Diabetic supplies
Covered services include but are not limited to the following:
- Alcohol swabs
- Blood glucose calibration liquid Diabetic syringes, needles and pens
- Lancet devices and kits
- Test strips for blood glucose, ketones, urine

See the Diabetic services, supplies, equipment, and self-care programs section for medical covered services.

Immunizations
Covered services include preventive immunizations as required by the ACA when given by a network pharmacy. You can find a participating network pharmacy by contacting us. Check with the pharmacy before you go to make sure the vaccine you need is in stock. Not all pharmacies carry all vaccines.

Risk reducing breast cancer prescription drugs
Covered services include prescription drugs used to treat people who are at:
- Increased risk for breast cancer
- Low risk for medication side effects

The following are not covered services:
- Abortion drugs
- Allergy sera and extracts given by injection
- Any services related to providing, injecting or application of a drug
- Compounded prescriptions containing bulk chemicals not approved by the FDA including compounded bioidentical hormones
- Cosmetic drugs including medication and preparations used for cosmetic purposes
- Devices, products and appliances unless listed as a covered service
- Dietary supplements including medical food
- Drugs or medications
  - Administered or entirely consumed at the time and place it is prescribed or provided
  - Which do not require a prescription by law, even if a prescription is written, unless we have approved a medical exception
  - That include the same active ingredient or a modified version of an active ingredient as a covered prescription drug unless we approve a medical exception
  - That is therapeutically the same or an alternative to a covered prescription drug, unless we approve a medical exception
  - That is therapeutically the same or an alternative to an OTC drug unless we have approved a medical exception
  - Not approved by the FDA or not proven safe or effective
  - Provided under your medical plan while inpatient at a healthcare facility
  - Recently approved by the FDA but not reviewed by our Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee, unless we have approved a medical exception
  - That includes vitamins and minerals unless recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF)
- That are used to treat sexual dysfunction, enhance sexual performance or increase sexual desire, including drugs, implants, devices or preparations to correct or enhance erectile function, enhance sensitivity or alter the shape or appearance of a sex organ unless listed as a covered service.
- That are used for the purpose of weight gain or loss including but not limited to stimulants, preparations, foods or diet supplements, dietary regimens and supplements, food or food supplements, appetite suppressants or other medications.
- That are drugs or growth hormones used to stimulate growth and treat idiopathic short stature unless there is evidence that the member meets one or more clinical criteria detailed in our precertification and clinical policies.

- Duplicative drug therapy; for example, two antihistamines for the same condition.
- Genetic care including:
  - Any treatment, device, drug, service or supply to alter the body’s genes, genetic makeup or the expression of the body’s genes.
- Immunizations related to travel or work.
- Immunization or immunological agents except as specifically stated in the schedule of benefits or the certificate.
- Implantable drugs and associated devices except as specifically stated in the schedule of benefits or the certificate.
- Infertility:
  - Prescription drugs used primarily for the treatment of infertility.
- Injectables including:
  - Any charges for the administration or injection of prescription drugs.
  - Needles and syringes except for those used for insulin administration.
  - Any drug which, due to its characteristics as determined by us, must typically be administered or supervised by a qualified provider or licensed certified health professional in an outpatient setting with the exception of Depo Provera and other injectable drugs for contraception.
- Insulin pumps, tubing or other ancillary equipment and supplies for insulin pumps.
- Off-label drug use except for indications recognized through peer-reviewed medical literature.
- Prescription drugs:
  - That are ordered by a dentist or prescribed by an oral surgeon in relation to the removal of teeth or prescription drugs for the treatment to a dental condition.
  - That are considered oral dental preparations and fluoride rinses except pediatric fluoride tablets or drops as specified on the plan’s drug guide.
  - That are being used or abused in a manner that is determined to be furthering an addiction to a habit-forming substance, the use of or intended use of which is illegal, unethical, imprudent, abusive, not medically necessary or otherwise improper and drugs obtained for use by anyone other than the member as identified on the ID card.
- Replacement of lost or stolen prescriptions.
- Test agents except diabetic test agents.
- Treatment, drug, service or supply to stop or reduce smoking or the use of tobacco products or to treat or reduce nicotine addiction, dependence or craving including medications, nicotine patches and gum unless recommended by the USPSTF.
- We reserve the right to exclude:
  - A manufacturer’s product when the same or similar drug (one with the same active ingredient or same therapeutic effect), supply or equipment is on the plan’s drug guide.
  - Any dosage or form of a drug when the same drug is available in a different dosage or form on the plan’s drug guide.
Contraceptives (birth control)
For females who are able to become pregnant, covered services include certain drugs and devices that the FDA has approved to prevent pregnancy. You will need a prescription from your provider and must fill it at a network pharmacy. At least one form of each FDA-approved contraception methods is a covered service. You can access a list of covered drugs and devices. See the Contact us section for how.

We also cover over-the-counter (OTC) and generic prescription drugs and devices for each of the methods identified by the FDA at no cost to you. If a generic prescription drug or device is not available for a certain method, you may obtain certain brand-name prescription drugs or devices for that method at no cost.

Important note:
You may qualify for a medical exception if your provider determines that the contraceptives covered as preventive care are not medically appropriate for you. Your provider may request a medical exception and submit the exception to us for review.

Risk reducing breast cancer prescription drugs
Covered services include prescription drugs used to treat people who are at an increased risk for breast cancer and a low risk for adverse medication side effects. You will need a prescription from your provider and have it filled at a network pharmacy.

Routine cancer screenings
Covered services include the following routine cancer screenings:
- Colonoscopies including pre-procedure specialist consultation, removal of polyps during a screening procedure, and a pathology exam on any removed polyp
- Digital rectal exams (DRE)
- Double contrast barium enemas (DCBE)
- Fecal occult blood tests (FOBT)
- Lung cancer screenings
- Mammograms
- Prostate specific antigen (PSA) tests
- Sigmoidoscopies

Routine physical exams
A routine preventive exam is a medical exam given for a reason other than to diagnose or treat a suspected or identified illness or injury and also includes:
- Evidence-based items that have in effect a rating of A or B in the current recommendations of the United States Preventive Services Task Force.
- Services as recommended in the American Academy of Pediatrics/Bright Futures/Health Resources and Services Administration guidelines for children and adolescents.
- Screenings and counseling services as provided for in the comprehensive guidelines recommended by the Health Resources and Services Administration. These services may include but are not limited to:
  - Screening and counseling services on topics such as:
    - Interpersonal and domestic violence
    - Sexually transmitted diseases
    - Human immune deficiency virus (HIV) infections
    - High risk human papillomavirus (HPV) DNA testing for women

Covered services include:
- Annual routine office visit to a physician
- Hearing screening
• Vision screening
• Radiological services, lab and other tests
• For covered newborns, an initial hospital checkup

**Well woman preventive visits**
A routine well woman preventive exam is a medical exam given for a reason other than to diagnose or treat a suspected or identified illness or injury and also includes:

- Office visit to a **physician**, PCP, OB, GYN or OB/GYN for services including Pap smears
- Preventive care breast cancer (BRCA) gene blood testing
- Screening for diabetes after pregnancy for women with a history of diabetes during pregnancy
- Screening for urinary incontinence

**Private duty nursing - outpatient**
**Covered services** include private duty nursing care, ordered by a **physician** and provided by an R.N. or L.P.N. when:

- You are homebound
- Your **physician** orders services as part of a written treatment plan
- Services take the place of a **hospital** or **skilled nursing facility stay**
- Your condition is serious, unstable, and requires continuous skilled 1-on-1 nursing care
- Periodic skilled nursing visits are not adequate

The following are not **covered services**:

- Inpatient private duty nursing care
- Care provided outside the home
- Maintenance or custodial care
- Care for your convenience or the convenience of the family caregiver

**Prosthetic device**
A prosthetic device is a device that temporarily or permanently replaces all or part of an external body part lost or impaired as a result of illness, injury or congenital defects.

**Covered services** include the initial provision and subsequent replacement of a prosthetic device that your **physician** orders and administers.

Coverage includes:

- Instruction and other services (such as attachment or insertion) so you can properly use the device
- Repairing or replacing the original device you outgrow or that is no longer appropriate because your physical condition changed
- Replacements required by ordinary wear and tear or damage

You may receive a prosthetic device as part of another **covered service** and therefore it will not be covered under this benefit.

The following are not **covered services**:

- Orthopedic shoes and therapeutic shoes, unless the orthopedic shoe is an integral part of a covered leg brace
- Trusses, corsets, and other support items
- Repair and replacement due to loss, misuse, abuse or theft
Reconstructive breast surgery and supplies

Covered services include all stages of reconstructive surgery by your provider and related supplies provided in an inpatient or outpatient setting only in the following circumstances:

- Your surgery reconstructs the breast where a necessary mastectomy was performed, such as an implant and areolar reconstruction. It also includes:
  - Surgery on a healthy breast to make it symmetrical with the reconstructed breast
  - Treatment of physical complications of all stages of the mastectomy, including lymphedema
  - Prostheses

Reconstructive surgery and supplies

Covered services include all stages of reconstructive surgery by your provider and related supplies provided in an inpatient or outpatient setting only in the following circumstances:

- Your surgery is to implant or attach a covered prosthetic device.
- Your surgery corrects a gross anatomical defect present at birth. The surgery will be covered if:
  - The defect results in severe facial disfigurement or major functional impairment of a body part
  - The purpose of the surgery is to improve function
- Your surgery is needed because treatment of your illness resulted in severe facial disfigurement or major functional impairment of a body part, and your surgery will improve function.

Covered services also include surgery, as soon as medically feasible, to fix teeth injured due to an accident when:

- Teeth are sound natural teeth. This means the teeth were stable, functional and free from decay or disease at the time of the injury.
- The surgery returns the injured teeth to how they functioned before the accident.

Short-term cardiac and pulmonary rehabilitation services

Cardiac rehabilitation

Covered services include cardiac rehabilitation services you receive at a hospital, skilled nursing facility or physician’s office, but only if those services are part of a treatment plan determined by your risk level and ordered by your physician.

Pulmonary rehabilitation

Covered services include pulmonary rehabilitation services as part of your inpatient hospital stay if they are part of a treatment plan ordered by your physician. A course of outpatient pulmonary rehabilitation may also be covered if it is performed at a hospital, skilled nursing facility, or physician’s office, is used to treat reversible pulmonary disease states, and is part of a treatment plan ordered by your physician.

Short-term rehabilitation services

Short-term rehabilitation services help you restore or develop skills and functioning for daily living. The services must follow a specific treatment plan, ordered by your physician. The services have to be performed by a:

- Licensed or certified physical, occupational, or speech therapist
- Hospital, skilled nursing facility, or hospice facility
- Home health care agency
- Physician

Covered services include:

- Spinal manipulation to correct a muscular or skeletal problem. Your provider must establish or approve a treatment plan that details the treatment and specifies frequency and duration.
Cognitive rehabilitation, physical, occupational, and speech therapy

Covered services include:

- Physical therapy, but only if it is expected to significantly improve or restore physical functions lost as a result of an acute illness, injury, or surgical procedure
- Occupational therapy, but only if it is expected to do one of the following:
  - Significantly improve, develop, or restore physical functions you lost as a result of an acute illness, injury, or surgical procedure
  - Help you relearn skills so you can significantly improve your ability to perform the activities of daily living on your own
- Speech therapy, but only if it is expected to do one of the following:
  - Significantly improve or restore lost speech function or correct a speech impairment resulting from an acute illness, injury, or surgical procedure
  - Improve delays in speech function development caused by a gross anatomical defect present at birth (speech function is the ability to express thoughts, speak words and form sentences. Speech impairment is difficulty with expressing one’s thoughts with spoken words.)
- Cognitive rehabilitation associated with physical rehabilitation, but only when:
  - Your cognitive deficits are caused by neurologic impairment due to trauma, stroke, or encephalopathy
  - The therapy is coordinated with us as part of a treatment plan intended to restore previous cognitive function

Short-term physical, speech and occupational therapy services provided in an outpatient setting are subject to the same conditions and limitations for outpatient short-term rehabilitation services. See the Short-term rehabilitation services section in the schedule of benefits.

The following are not covered services:

- Services provided in an educational or training setting or to teach sign language
- Vocational rehabilitation or employment counseling

Skilled nursing facility

Covered services include precertified inpatient skilled nursing facility care. This includes:

- Room and board, up to the semi-private room rate
- Services and supplies provided during a stay in a skilled nursing facility

Substance related disorders treatment

Covered services include the treatment of substance related disorders provided by a hospital, psychiatric hospital, residential treatment facility, physician, or behavioral health provider as follows:

- Inpatient room and board, at the semi-private room rate (your plan will cover the extra expense of a private room when appropriate because of your medical condition), and other services and supplies that are provided during your stay in a hospital, psychiatric hospital, or residential treatment facility. Treatment of substance related disorders in a general medical hospital is only covered if you are admitted to the hospital’s separate substance related disorders section or unit, unless you are admitted for the treatment of medical complications of substance related disorders. As used here, “medical complications” include, but are not limited to:
  - Electrolyte imbalances
  - Malnutrition
  - Cirrhosis of the liver
  - Delirium tremens
  - Hepatitis
• Outpatient treatment received while not confined as an inpatient in a hospital, psychiatric hospital, or residential treatment facility, including:
  – Office visits to a physician or behavioral health provider such as a psychologist, social worker, or licensed professional counselor (includes telemedicine consultation)
  – Individual, group, and family therapies for the treatment of substance related disorders
  – Other outpatient substance related disorders treatment such as:
    o Partial hospitalization treatment provided in a facility or program for treatment of substance related disorders provided under the direction of a physician
    o Intensive outpatient program provided in a facility or program for treatment of substance related disorders provided under the direction of a physician
    o Ambulatory or outpatient detoxification which include outpatient services that monitor withdrawal from alcohol or other substances, including administration of medications
    o 23 hour observation
    o Peer counseling support by a peer support specialist

A peer support specialist serves as a role model, mentor, coach, and advocate. They must be certified by the state where the services are provided or a private certifying organization recognized by us. Peer support must be supervised by a behavioral health provider.

Tests, images and labs – outpatient
Diagnostic complex imaging services
Covered services include:
  • Computed tomography (CT) scans, including for preoperative testing
  • Magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) including magnetic resonance spectroscopy (MRS), magnetic resonance venography (MRV) and magnetic resonance angiogram (MRA)
  • Nuclear medicine imaging including positron emission tomography (PET) scans
  • Other imaging service where the billed charge exceeds $500

Complex imaging for preoperative testing is covered under this benefit.

Diagnostic lab work
Covered services include:
  • Lab
  • Pathology
  • Other tests

These are covered only when you get them from a licensed radiology provider or lab.

Diagnostic x-ray and other radiological services
Covered services include x-rays, scans and other services (but not complex imaging) only when you get them from a licensed radiology provider. See Diagnostic complex imaging services above for more information.

Therapies – Chemotherapy, infusion, radiation
Chemotherapy
Covered services for chemotherapy depend on where treatment is received. In most cases, chemotherapy is covered as outpatient care. However, your hospital benefit covers the initial dose of chemotherapy after a cancer diagnosis during a hospital stay.

Infusion therapy
Infusion therapy is the intravenous (IV) administration of prescribed medications or solutions. **Covered services** include infusion therapy you receive in an outpatient setting including but not limited to:

- A freestanding outpatient facility
- The outpatient department of a **hospital**
- A **physician**'s office
- Your home from a home care **provider**

You can access the list of preferred infusion locations by contacting us.

When Infusion therapy services and supplies are provided in your home, they will not count toward any applicable home health care maximums.

Certain infused medications may be covered under the outpatient **prescription** drug benefit. You can access the list of **specialty prescription drugs** by contacting us.

**Radiation therapy**

**Covered services** include the following radiology services provided by a **health professional**:

- Accelerated particles
- Gamma ray
- Mesons
- Neutrons
- Radioactive isotopes
- Radiological services
- Radium

**Transplant services**

**Covered services** include transplant services provided by a **physician** and **hospital**.

This includes the following transplant types:

- Solid organ
- Hematopoietic stem cell
- Bone marrow
- CAR-T and T Cell receptor therapy for FDA-approved treatments

**Covered services** also include:

- Travel and lodging expenses
  - If you are working with an Institutes of Excellence™ (IOE) facility that is 100 or more miles away from where you live, travel and lodging expenses are **covered services** for you and a companion, to travel between home and the IOE facility
  - Coach class air fare, train or bus travel are examples of **covered services**

**Network of transplant facilities**

We designate facilities to provide specific services or procedures. Please contact us to understand more about transplant facilities and support” <carrier can explain further on their services>

The following are not **covered services**:

- Services and supplies furnished to a donor when the recipient is not a covered person
- Harvesting and storage of organs, without intending to use them for immediate transplantation for your existing illness
• Harvesting and/or storage of bone marrow, hematopoietic stem cells, or other blood cells without intending to use them for transplantation within 12 months from harvesting, for an existing illness

**Urgent care services**

Covered services include services and supplies to treat an urgent condition at an urgent care center as described below:

- **Urgent condition** within the network (in-network)
  - If you need care for an urgent condition, you should first seek care through your physician, PCP. If your physician is not reasonably available, you may access urgent care from an urgent care center that is in-network.

- **Urgent condition** outside the network (out-of-network)
  - You are covered for urgent care obtained from a facility that is out-of-network if you are temporarily unable to get services in-network and getting the health care service cannot be delayed.

The following are not covered services:

- Non-urgent care in an urgent care center

**Vision care**

Covered services include:

- Routine vision exam provided by an ophthalmologist or optometrist including refraction and glaucoma testing

The following are not covered services:

- Office visits to an ophthalmologist, optometrist or optician related to the fitting of prescription contact lenses
- Eyeglass frames, non-prescription lenses and non-prescription contact lenses that are for cosmetic purposes

**Walk-in clinic**

Covered services include, but are not unlimited to, health care services provided at a walk-in clinic for:

- Scheduled and unscheduled visits for illnesses and injuries that are not emergency medical conditions
- Preventive care immunizations administered within the scope of the clinic’s license
General plan exclusions

The following are not covered services under your plan:

Behavioral health treatment
Services for the following categories (or equivalent terms as listed in the most recent edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM) of the American Psychiatric Association):

- Stay in a facility for treatment for dementia and amnesia without a behavioral disturbance that necessitates mental health treatment
- School and/or education service, including special education, remedial education, wilderness treatment programs, or any such related or similar programs
- Services provided in conjunction with school, vocation, work or recreational activities
- Transportation

Blood, blood plasma, synthetic blood, blood derivatives or
Examples of these are:

- The provision of blood to the hospital, other than blood derived clotting factors
- Any related services including processing, storage or replacement expenses
- The service of blood donors, including yourself, apheresis or plasmapheresis
- The blood you donate for your own use, excluding administration and processing expenses and except where described in the Coverage and exclusions, Transplant services section

Cosmetic services and plastic surgery
Any treatment, surgery (cosmetic or plastic), service or supply to alter, improve or enhance the shape or appearance of the body, whether or not for psychological or emotional reasons, except where described in Coverage and exclusions under the Reconstructive breast surgery and supplies and Reconstructive surgery and supplies sections

Cost share waived
Any cost for a service when any out-of-network provider waives all or part of your copayment, coinsurance, deductible, or any other amount

Court-ordered services and supplies
This includes court-ordered services and supplies, or those required as a condition of parole, probation, release or because of any legal proceeding, unless they are a covered service under your plan

Custodial care
Services and supplies meant to help you with activities of daily living or other personal needs. Examples of these are:

- Routine patient care such as changing dressings, periodic turning and positioning in bed
- Administering oral medications
- Care of stable tracheostomy (including intermittent suctioning)
- Care of a stable colostomy/ileostomy
- Care of stable gastrostomy/jejunoostomy/nasogastric tube (intermittent or continuous) feedings
- Care of a bladder catheter, including emptying or changing containers and clamping tubing
- Watching or protecting you
- Respite care, adult or child day care, or convalescent care
- Institutional care, including room and board for rest cures, adult day care and convalescent care
• Help with walking, grooming, bathing, dressing, getting in or out of bed, going to the bathroom, eating, or preparing foods
• Any other services that a person without medical or paramedical training could be trained to perform

Durable medical equipment (DME)

Educational services
Examples of these are:
• Any service or supply for education, training or retraining services or testing. This includes:
  – Special education
  – Remedial education
  – Wilderness treatment programs (whether or not the program is part of a residential treatment facility or otherwise licensed institution)
  – Job training
  – Job hardening programs
• Educational services, schooling or any such related or similar program, including therapeutic programs within a school setting.

Examinations
Any health or dental examinations needed:
• Because a third party requires the exam. Examples include examinations to get or keep a job, and examinations required under a labor agreement or other contract.
• To buy insurance or to get or keep a license.
• To travel
• To go to a school, camp, sporting event, or to join in a sport or other recreational activity.

Experimental or investigational
Experimental or investigational drugs, devices, treatments or procedures unless otherwise covered under clinical trials.

Foot care
Routine services and supplies for the following:
• Routine pedicure services, such as routine cutting of nails, when there is no illness or injury in the nails
• Supplies (including orthopedic shoes), ankle braces, guards, protectors, creams, ointments and other equipment, devices and supplies
• Treatment of calluses, bunions, toenails, hammertoes or fallen arches
• Treatment of weak feet, chronic foot pain or conditions caused by routine activities, such as walking, running, working, or wearing shoes

Foot orthotic devices
Foot orthotics or other devices to support the feet, such as arch supports and shoe inserts, unless required for the treatment of or to prevent complications of diabetes

Growth/height care
• A treatment, device, drug, service or supply to increase or decrease height or alter the rate of growth
• Surgical procedures, devices and growth hormones to stimulate growth

Maintenance care
Care made up of services and supplies that maintain, rather than improve, a level of physical or mental function, except for habilitation therapy services

**Medical supplies – outpatient disposable**
Any outpatient disposable supply or device. Examples of these include:
- Sheaths
- Bags
- Elastic garments
- Support hose
- Bandages
- Bedpans
- Home test kits not related to diabetic testing
- Splints
- Neck braces
- Compresses
- Other devices not intended for reuse by another patient

**Mental health and substance use disorders conditions**
The following conditions/diagnoses (or equivalent terms as listed in the most recent edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM) of the American Psychiatric Association) are not covered by the behavioral health plan:
- Sexual deviations and disorders except for gender identity disorders
- Tobacco use disorders and nicotine dependence except as described in the *Coverage and exclusions - Preventive care* section
- Pathological gambling, kleptomania, and pyromania
- Specific developmental disorders of scholastic skills (learning disorders/learning disabilities)
- Specific developmental disorder of motor functions
- Specific developmental disorders of speech and language
- Other disorders of psychological development

**Missed appointments**
Any cost resulting from a canceled or missed appointment

**Nutritional support**
Any food item, including:
- Infant formulas
- Nutritional supplements
- Vitamins
- **Prescription** vitamins
- Medical foods
- Other nutritional items

**Other non-covered services**
- Services you have no legal obligation to pay
- Services that would not otherwise be charged if you did not have the coverage under the plan

**Other primary payer**
Payment for a portion of the charges that Medicare or another party is responsible for as the primary payer
Personal care, comfort or convenience items
Any service or supply primarily for your convenience and personal comfort or that of a third party

Prescription or non-prescription drugs and medicines - outpatient
- Outpatient prescription or non-prescription drugs and medicines provided by the policyholder or through a third party vendor contract with the policyholder
- Drugs that are included on the list of specialty prescription drugs as covered under your outpatient prescription drug plan

Routine exams
Routine physical exams, routine eye exams, routine dental exams, routine hearing exams and other preventive services and supplies, except as specifically provided in the Covered services and exclusions section

Services outside of Guam, the USA Mainland and Hawaii
Services outside of Guam, the USA Mainland and Hawaii, that are not approved through the pre-authorization process

Services provided by a family member
Services provided by a spouse, civil union partner, domestic partner, parent, child, stepchild, brother, sister, in-law, or any household member

Sexual dysfunction and enhancement
Any treatment, prescription drug, or supply to treat sexual dysfunction, enhance sexual performance or increase sexual desire, including:
- Surgery, prescription drugs, implants, devices or preparations to correct or enhance erectile function, enhance sensitivity or alter the shape of a sex organ
- Sex therapy, sex counseling, marriage counseling, or other counseling or advisory services

Strength and performance
Services, devices and supplies such as drugs or preparations designed primarily to enhance your strength, physical condition, endurance or physical performance

Telemedicine
- Services given by providers that are not contracted with _____ as a telemedicine provider; behavioral health services are covered when provided by either network or out-of-network providers
- Services given when you are not present at the same time as the provider
- Services including:
  - Telephone calls
  - Telemedicine kiosks
  - Electronic vital signs monitoring or exchanges, (e.g. Tele-ICU, Tele-stroke)

Therapies and tests
- Full body CT scans
- Hair analysis
- Hypnosis and hypnotherapy
- Massage therapy, except when used for physical therapy treatment
• Sensory or hearing and sound integration therapy

Tobacco cessation
Any treatment, drug, service or supply to stop or reduce smoking or the use of other tobacco products or to treat or reduce nicotine addiction, dependence or cravings, including, medications, nicotine patches and gum unless recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF). This also includes:
  • Counseling, except as specifically provided in the Covered services and exclusions section
  • Hypnosis and other therapies
  • Medications, except as specifically provided in the Covered services and exclusions section
  • Nicotine patches
  • Gum

Treatment in a federal, state, or governmental entity
Any care in a hospital or other facility owned or operated by any federal, state or other governmental entity unless coverage is required by applicable laws

Voluntary sterilization
  • Reversal of voluntary sterilization procedures, including related follow-up care

Wilderness treatment programs
See Educational services in this section

Work related illness or injuries
Coverage available to you under workers’ compensation or a similar program under local, state or federal law for any illness or injury related to employment or self-employment

Important note:
A source of coverage or reimbursement is considered available to you even if you waived your right to payment from that source. You may also be covered under a workers’ compensation law or similar law. If you submit proof that you are not covered for a particular illness or injury under such law, then that illness or injury will be considered “non-occupational” regardless of cause.
How your plan works

How your medical plan works while you are covered in-network
Your in-network coverage:
• Helps you get and pay for a lot of – but not all – health care services

Your cost share is lower when you use a network provider.

Providers
Our provider network is there to give you the care you need. You can find network providers and see important information about them most easily on our online provider directory. Just log in to the ______ website.

Service area
Your plan generally pays for covered services only within a specific geographic area, called a service area. There are some exceptions, such as for emergency services, urgent care, and transplant services. See the Who provides the care section below.

How your medical plan works while you are covered out-of-network
With your out-of-network coverage:
• You can get care from providers who are not part of the ______ network and from network providers without a PCP referral
• You may have to pay the full cost for your care, and then submit a claim to be reimbursed
• You are responsible to get any required precertification
• Your cost share will be higher

Keeping a provider you go to now (continuity of care)
You may have to find a new provider when:
• You join the plan and the provider you have now is not in the network
• You are already an ______ member and your provider stops being in our network

However, in some cases, you may be able to keep going to your current provider to complete a treatment or to have treatment that was already scheduled. This is called continuity of care.

If this situation applies to you, contact us for details. If we approve your request to keep going to your current provider, we will tell you how long you can continue to see the provider. If you are pregnant and have entered your second trimester, this will include the time required for postpartum care directly related to the delivery.

We will authorize coverage only if the provider agrees to our usual terms and conditions for contracting providers.

Who provides the care

Network providers
We have contracted with providers in the service area to provide covered services to you. These providers make up the network for your plan.

To get network benefits, you must use network providers. There are some exceptions:
• Emergency services – see the description of emergency services in the Coverage and exclusions section.
• Urgent care – see the description of urgent care in the Coverage and exclusions section.
- Transplants – see the description of transplant services in the Coverage and exclusions section.

You may select a network provider from the online directory through the _____ website.

You will not have to submit claims for services received from network providers. Your network provider will take care of that for you. And we will pay the network provider directly for what the plan owes.

Your PCP
We encourage you to get covered services through a PCP. They will provide you with primary care.

How you choose your PCP
You can choose a PCP from the list of PCPs in our directory.

Each covered family member is encouraged to select a PCP. You may each choose a different PCP. You should select a PCP for your covered dependent if they are a minor or cannot choose a PCP on their own.

What your PCP will do for you
Your PCP will coordinate your medical care or may provide treatment. They may send you to other network providers.

Changing your PCP
You may change your PCP at any time by contacting us.

Medical necessity, referral and precertification requirements
Your plan pays for its share of the expense for covered services only if the general requirements are met. They are:
- The service is medically necessary
- For in-network benefits, you get the service from a network provider
- You or your provider precertifies the service when required

Medically necessary, medical necessity
The medical necessity requirements are in the Glossary section, where we define “medically necessary, medical necessity.” That is where we also explain what our medical directors or a physician they assign consider when determining if a service is medically necessary.

Important note:
We cover medically necessary, sex-specific covered services regardless of identified gender.

Precertification
You need pre-approval from us for some covered services. Pre-approval is also called precertification.

In-network
Your network physician is responsible for obtaining any necessary precertification before you get the care. Network providers cannot bill you if they fail to ask us for precertification. But if your physician requests precertification and we deny it, and you still choose to get the care, you will have to pay for it yourself.

Out-of-network
When you go to an out-of-network provider, you are responsible to get any required precertification from us. If you don’t precertify:
- Your benefits may be reduced, or the plan may not pay. See your schedule of benefits for details.
• You will be responsible for the unpaid bills.
• Your additional out-of-pocket expenses will not count toward your deductible or maximum out-of-pocket limit.

Timeframes for precertification are listed below. For emergency services, precertification is not required, but you should notify us as shown.

To obtain precertification, contact us. You, your physician or the facility must call us within these timelines:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of care</th>
<th>Timeframe</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-emergency admission</td>
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<tr>
<td>Emergency admission</td>
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<tr>
<td>Urgent admission</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Outpatient non-emergency medical services</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

An urgent admission is a hospital admission by a physician due to the onset of or change in an illness, the diagnosis of an illness, or injury.

We will tell you and your physician in writing of the precertification decision, where required by state law. An approval is valid for 180 days as long as you remain enrolled in the plan.

For an inpatient stay in a facility, we will tell you, your physician and the facility about your precertified length of stay. If your physician recommends that you stay longer, the extra days will need to be precertified. You, your physician, or the facility will need to call us as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than the final authorized day. We will tell you and your physician in writing of an approval or denial of the extra days.

If you or your provider request precertification and we don’t approve coverage, we will tell you why and explain how you or your provider may request review of our decision. See the Complaints, claim decisions and appeal procedures section.

Types of services that require precertification

Precertification is required for the following types of services and supplies:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inpatient services and supplies</th>
<th>Outpatient services and supplies</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stays in a hospital</td>
<td>Cosmetic and reconstructive surgery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stays in a skilled nursing facility</td>
<td>Emergency transportation by airplane</td>
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<td>Stays in a rehabilitation facility</td>
<td>Private duty nursing services</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stays in a hospice facility</td>
<td>Transcranial magnetic stimulation (TMS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stays in a residential treatment facility for treatment of mental disorders and substance related disorders</td>
<td>Partial hospitalization treatment – mental disorder and substance related disorders treatment diagnoses</td>
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<tr>
<td>Obesity surgery (bariatric)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Contact us to get a list of the services that require precertification. The list may change from time to time.

Sometimes you or your provider may want us to review a service that doesn’t require precertification before you get care. This is called a predetermination, and it is different from precertification. Predetermination means that you or your provider requests the pre-service clinical review of a service that does not require precertification.
Our clinical policy bulletins explain our policy for specific services and supplies. We use these bulletins and other resources to help guide individualized coverage decisions under our plans. You can find the bulletins and other information at _____________________________.

Certain **prescription** drugs are covered under the medical plan when they are given to you by your doctor or health care facility. The following **precertification** information applies to these **prescription** drugs:

For certain drugs, your **provider** needs to get approval from us before we will cover the drug. The requirement for getting approval in advance guides appropriate use of certain drugs and makes sure they are **medically necessary**

**Step therapy** is a type of **precertification** where we require you to first try certain drugs to treat your medical condition before we will cover another drug for that condition.

Contact us or go online to get the most up-to-date **precertification** requirements and list of **step therapy** drugs.

**Requesting a medical exception**
Sometimes you or your **provider** may ask for a medical exception for drugs that are not covered or for which coverage was denied. You, someone who represents you or your **provider** can contact us. You will need to provide us with clinical documentation. Any exception granted is based upon an individual and is a case-by-case decision that will not apply to other members.

You, someone who represents you or your **provider** may seek a quicker medical exception process to get coverage for non-covered drugs in an urgent situation. An urgent situation happens when you have a health condition that may seriously affect your life, health, or ability to get back maximum function or when you are going through a current course of treatment using a non-preferred drug. You, someone who represents you or your prescriber may submit a request for a quicker review for an urgent situation by:

- Contacting our Precertification Department at ___________________
- Faxing the request to _______________________
- Submitting the request in writing to __________________________

We will make a coverage determination within 24 hours after we receive your request and will tell you, someone who represents you and your prescriber of our decision.

**What the plan pays and what you pay**
Who pays for your **covered services** – this plan, both of us, or just you? That depends.

**The general rule**
The schedule of benefits lists what you pay for each type of **covered service**. In general, this is how your benefit works:

- You pay the **deductible**, when it applies.
- Then the plan and you share the expense. Your share is called a **copayment** or **coinsurance**.
- Then the plan pays the entire expense after you reach your **maximum out-of-pocket limit**.

When we say “expense” in this general rule, we mean the **negotiated charge** for a **network provider**, and **allowable amount** for an **out-of-network provider**.

**Negotiated charge**
*For health coverage:*
This is the amount a **network provider** has agreed to accept or that we have agreed to pay them or a third party vendor (including any administrative fee in the amount paid).
Some providers are part of _____’s network for some ______ plans but are not considered network providers for your plan. For those providers, the negotiated charge is the amount that provider has agreed to accept for rendering services or providing prescription drugs to members of your plan.

We may enter into arrangements with network providers or others related to:
- The coordination of care for members
- Improving clinical outcomes and efficiencies

Some of these arrangements are called:
- Value-based contracting
- Risk sharing
- Accountable care arrangements

These arrangements will not change the negotiated charge under this plan.

For prescription drug services:
When you get a prescription drug, we have agreed to this amount for the prescription or paid this amount to the network pharmacy or third party vendor that provided it. The negotiated charge may include a rebate, additional service or risk charges and administrative fees. It may include additional amounts paid to or received from third parties under price guarantees.

### Allowable amount
This is the amount of an out-of-network provider’s charge that is eligible for coverage. You are responsible for all charges above this amount. The allowable amount depends on the geographic area where you get the service or supply. Allowable amount doesn’t apply to involuntary services. These are services or supplies that are:
- Provided at a network facility by an out-of-network provider
- Not available from a network provider
- An emergency service

The table below shows the method for calculating the allowable amount for specific services or supplies:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service or supply:</th>
<th>Allowable amount is based on:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Professional services and other services or supplies not mentioned below</td>
<td>105% of Medicare allowed rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services of hospitals and other facilities</td>
<td>140% of Medicare allowed rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prescription drugs</td>
<td>110% of average wholesale price (AWP)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dental expenses</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Important note:**
See Special terms used, below, for a description of what the allowable amount is based on.
If the provider bills less than the amount calculated using a method above, the allowable amount is what the provider bills.

**Special terms used:**
- Average wholesale price (AWP) is the current average wholesale price of a prescription drug as listed in the Facts & Comparisons®, Medi-Span daily price updates or any other similar publication we choose to use.
• Facility charge review (FCR) rate is an amount that we determine is enough to cover the facility provider's estimated costs for the service and leave the provider with a reasonable profit. This means for:

  - Hospitals and other facilities that report costs or cost to charge ratios to The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), the FCR rate is based on what the facilities report to CMS
  - Facilities that don’t report costs or cost to charge ratios to CMS, the FCR rate is based on a statewide average of these facilities

We may adjust the formula as needed to maintain the reasonableness of the allowable amount. For example, we may make an adjustment if we determine that in a state the charges of a specific type of facility are much higher than charges of facilities that report to CMS.

• Geographic area is normally based using the first three digits of a zip code. If we believe we need more data for a particular service or supply, we may base rates on a wider geographic area such as the entire state.

• Medicare allowed rates are the rates CMS establishes for services and supplies provided to Medicare enrollees without taking into account adjustments for specific provider performance. We update our system with these when revised within 180 days of receiving them from CMS. If Medicare doesn’t have a rate, we use one or more of the items below to determine the rate for a service or supply:

  - The method CMS uses to set Medicare rates
  - How much other providers charge or accept as payment
  - How much work it takes to perform a service
  - Other things as needed to decide what rate is reasonable

We may make the following exceptions:

  - For inpatient services, our rate may exclude amounts CMS allows for operating Indirect Medical Education (IME) and Direct Graduate Medical Education (DGME) programs
  - Our rate may exclude other payments that CMS may make directly to hospitals or other providers and backdated adjustments
  - For anesthesia, our rate may be at least 105% of the rate CMS establishes
  - For lab, our rate may be 75% of the rate CMS establishes
  - For DME, our rate may be 75% of the rate CMS establishes
  - For medications that are paid as a medical benefit instead of a pharmacy benefit, our rate may be 100% of the rates CMS establishes.

When the allowable amount is based on a percentage of the Medicare allowed rate, it is not affected by adjustments or incentives given to providers under Medicare programs.

Our reimbursement policies
We have the right to apply our reimbursement policies to all out-of-network services including involuntary services. This may affect the allowable amount. When we do this, we consider:

- The length and difficulty of a service
- Whether additional expenses are needed, when multiple procedures are billed at the same time
- Whether an assistant surgeon is needed
- If follow up care is included
- Whether other conditions change or make a service unique
- Whether any of the services described by a claim line are part of or related to the primary service provided, when a charge includes more than one claim line
- The educational level, licensure or length of training of the provider

We base our reimbursement policies on our review of:

- CMS National Correct Coding Initiative (NCCI) and other external materials that say what billing and coding practices are and aren’t appropriate
- Generally accepted standards of medical and dental practice
• The views of physicians and dentists practicing in relevant clinical areas

We use commercial software to administer some of these policies. Policies may differ for professional services and facility services.

**Get the most from your benefits:**
We have online tools to help you decide whether to get care and if so, where. Please refer to on-line tools on the _____ website. The website may contain additional information that can help you determine the cost of a service or supply.

**Paying for covered services – the general requirements**
There are several general requirements for the plan to pay any part of the expense for a covered service. For in-network coverage, they are:
- The service is medically necessary
- You get your care from a network provider
- You or your provider precertifies the service when required

For out-of-network coverage:
- The service is medically necessary
- You get your care from an out-of-network provider
- You or your provider precertifies the service when required

For outpatient prescription drugs, your costs are based on:
- The type of prescription you’re prescribed
- Where you fill the prescription

The plan may make some brand-name prescription drugs available to you at the generic prescription drug cost share.

Generally, your plan and you share the cost for covered services when you meet the general requirements. But sometimes your plan will pay the entire expense, and sometimes you will. For details, see your schedule of benefits and the information below.

You pay the entire expense when:
- You get services or supplies that are not medically necessary.
- Your plan requires precertification, your physician requests it, we deny it and you get the services without precertification.
- You get care from an out-of-network provider and the provider waives all or part of your cost share.

In all these cases, the provider may require you to pay the entire charge. Any amount you pay will not count towards your deductible or your maximum out-of-pocket limit.

**Where your schedule of benefits fits in**
The schedule of benefits shows any out-of-pocket costs you are responsible for when you receive covered services and any benefit limitations that apply to your plan. It also shows any maximum out-of-pocket limits that apply.

Limitations include things like maximum age, visits, days, hours, and admissions. Out-of-pocket costs include things like deductibles, copayments and coinsurance.
Keep in mind that you are responsible for paying your part of the cost sharing. You are also responsible for costs not covered under this plan.

**Coordination of benefits**

Some people have health coverage under more than one health plan. If you do, we will work with your other plan to decide how much each plan pays. This is called coordination of benefits (COB).

**Key Terms**

Here are some key terms we use in this section. These will help you understand this COB section.

Allowable expense means a health care expense that any of your health plans cover.

In this section when we talk about “plan” through which you may have other coverage for health care expenses we mean:

- Group or non-group, blanket, or franchise health insurance policies issued by insurers, HMOs, or health care service contractors
- Labor-management trustee plans, labor organization plans, employer organization plans, or employee benefit organization plans
- An automobile insurance policy
- Medicare or other government benefits
- Any contract that you can obtain or maintain only because of membership in or connection with a particular organization or group

**How COB works**

- When this is your primary plan, we pay your medical claims first as if there is no other coverage.
- When this is your secondary plan:
  - We pay benefits after the primary plan and reduce our payment based on any amount the primary plan paid.
  - Total payments from this plan and your other coverage will never add up to more than 100% of the allowable expenses.
  - Each family member has a separate benefit reserve for each year. The benefit reserve balance is:
    - The amount that the secondary plan saved due to COB
    - Used to cover any unpaid allowable expenses
    - Erased at the end of the year

**Determining who pays**

The basic rules are listed below. Reading from top to bottom the first rule that applies will determine which plan is primary and which is secondary. Contact us if you have questions or want more information.

A plan that does not contain a COB provision is always the primary plan.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COB rule</th>
<th>Primary Plan</th>
<th>Secondary plan</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-dependent or dependent</td>
<td>Plan covering you as an employee, retired employee or subscriber (not as a dependent)</td>
<td>Plan covering you as a dependent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child – parents married or living together</td>
<td>Plan of parent whose birthday (month and day) is earlier in the year (Birthday rule)</td>
<td>Plan of parent whose birthday is later in the year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COB rule</td>
<td>Primary Plan</td>
<td>Secondary plan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child – parents separated, divorced, or not living together</td>
<td>• Plan of parent responsible for health coverage in court order</td>
<td>• Plan of other parent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Birthday rule applies if both parents are responsible or have joint custody in court order</td>
<td>• Birthday rule applies (later in the year)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Custodial parent’s plan if there is no court order</td>
<td>• Non-custodial parent’s plan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child – covered by individuals who are not parents (i.e. stepparent or grandparent)</td>
<td>Same rule as parent</td>
<td>Same rule as parent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active or inactive employee</td>
<td>Plan covering you as an active employee (or dependent of an active employee)</td>
<td>Plan covering you as a laid off or retired employee (or dependent of a former employee)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) or state continuation</td>
<td>Plan covering you as an employee or retiree (or dependent of an employee or retiree)</td>
<td>COBRA or state continuation coverage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Longer or shorter length of coverage</td>
<td>Plan that has covered you longer</td>
<td>Plan that has covered you for a shorter period of time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other rules do not apply</td>
<td>Plans share expenses equally</td>
<td>Plans share expenses equally</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**How COB works with Medicare**

If your other coverage is under Medicare, federal laws explain whether Medicare will pay first or second. COB with Medicare will always follow federal requirements. Contact us if you have any questions about this.

When you are eligible for Medicare, we coordinate the benefits we pay with the benefits that Medicare pays. Sometimes, this plan pays benefits before Medicare pays. Sometimes, this plan pays benefits after Medicare or after an amount that Medicare would have paid if you had been covered.

You are eligible for Medicare if you are covered under it.

**Effect of prior plan coverage**

If you are in a continuation period from a prior plan at the time you join this plan you may not receive the full benefit paid under this plan. See the schedule of benefits for more information.

Your current plan must be offered through the policyholder.

**Other health coverage updates – contact information**

You should contact us if you have any changes to your other coverage. We want to be sure our records are accurate so your claims are processed correctly.

**Our rights**

We have the right to:
- Release or obtain any information we need for COB purposes, including information we need to recover any payments from your other health plans
- Reimburse another health plan that paid a benefit we should have paid
• Recover any excess payment from a person or another health plan, if we paid more than we should have paid

Benefit payments and claims
A claim is a request for payment that you or your health care provider submits to us when you want or get covered services. There are different types of claims. You or your provider may contact us at various times, to make a claim, to request approval, or payment, for your benefits. This can be before you receive your benefit, while you are receiving benefits and after you have received the benefit.

It is important that you carefully read the previous sections within How your plan works. When a claim comes in, we review it, make a decision and tell you how you and we will split the expense. The amount of time we have to tell you about our decision on a claim depends on the type of claim.

Claim type and timeframes
Urgent care claim
An urgent claim is one for which the doctor treating you decides a delay in getting medical care could put your life or health at risk. Or a delay might put your ability to regain maximum function at risk. It could also be a situation in which you need care to avoid severe pain. We will make a decision within 24 hours.

If you are pregnant, an urgent claim also includes a situation that can cause serious risk to the health of your unborn baby.

Pre-service claim
A pre-service claim is a claim that involves services you have not yet received and which we will pay for only if we precertify them. We will make a decision within 15 days.

Post-service claim
A post-service claim is a claim that involves health care services you have already received. We will make a decision within 30 days.

Concurrent care claim extension
A concurrent care claim extension occurs when you need us to approve more services than we already have approved. Examples are extending a hospital stay or adding a number of visits to a provider. You must let us know you need this extension 24 hours before the original approval ends. We will have a decision within 24 hours for an urgent request. You may receive the decision for a non-urgent request within 15 days.

Concurrent care claim reduction or termination
A concurrent care claim reduction or termination occur when we decide to reduce or stop payment for an already approved course of treatment. We will notify you of such a determination. You will have enough time to file an appeal. Your coverage for the service or supply will continue until you receive a final appeal decision from us.

During this continuation period, you are still responsible for your share of the costs, such as copayments, coinsurance and deductibles that apply to the service or supply. If we uphold our decision at the final internal appeal, you will be responsible for all of the expenses for the service or supply received during the continuation period.

Filing a claim
When you see a network provider, that office will usually send us a detailed bill for your services. If you see an out-of-network provider, you may receive the bill (proof of loss) directly. This bill forms the basis of your post-service claim. If you receive the bill directly, you should send it to us as soon as possible with a claim form that
you can either get online or contact us to provide. You should always keep your own record of the date, 
providers and cost of your services.

The benefit payment determination is made based on many things, such as your deductible or coinsurance, the 
necessity of the service you received, when or where you receive the services, or even what other insurance you 
may have. We may need to ask you or your provider for some more information to make a final decision. You 
can always contact us directly to see how much you can expect to pay for any service.

We will pay the claim within 30 days from when we receive all the information necessary. Sometimes we may 
pay only some of the claim. Sometimes we may deny payment entirely. We may even rescind your coverage 
entirely.

We will give you our decision in writing. You may not agree with our decision. There are several ways to have us 
review the decisions. Please see the Complaints, claim decisions and appeal procedures section for that 
information.

Complaints, claim decisions and appeal procedures

The difference between a complaint and an appeal

Complaint
You may not be happy about a provider or an operational issue, and you may want to complain. You can contact 
us at any time. This is a complaint. Your complaint should include a description of the issue. You should include 
copies of any records or documents you think are important. We will review the information and give you a 
written response within 30 calendar days of receiving the complaint. We will let you know if we need more 
information to make a decision.

Appeal
When we make a decision to deny services or reduce the amount of money we pay on your care or out-of-
pocket expense, it is an adverse benefit determination. You can ask us to re-review that determination. This is 
an appeal. You can start an appeal process by contacting us.

Claim decisions and appeal procedures
Your provider may contact us at various times to make a claim, or to request approval for payment based on 
your benefits. This can be before you receive your benefit, while you are receiving benefits and after you have 
received the benefit. You may not agree with our decision. As we said in Benefit payments and claims in the How 
your plan works section, we pay many claims at the full rate, except for your share of the costs. But sometimes 
we pay only some of the claim. Sometimes we deny payment entirely.

Any time we deny even part of the claim, it is an “adverse benefit determination” or “adverse decision.” For any 
adverse decision, you will receive an explanation of benefits in writing. You can ask us to review an adverse 
benefit determination. This is the internal appeal process. If you still don’t agree, you can also appeal that 
decision.

Appeal of an adverse benefit determination

Urgent care or pre-service claim appeal
If your claim is an urgent claim or a pre-service claim, your provider may appeal for you without having to fill out 
an appeal form. We will give you an answer within 36 hours for an urgent appeal and within 15 calendar days for 
a pre-service appeal. A concurrent claim appeal will be addressed according to what type of service and claim it 
involves.
Any other claim appeal
You must file an appeal within 180 calendar days from the time you receive the notice of an adverse benefit determination.

You can appeal by sending a written appeal to the address on the notice of adverse benefit determination, or by contacting us. You need to include:

- Your name
- The policyholder’s name
- A copy of the adverse benefit determination
- Your reasons for making the appeal
- Any other information you would like us to consider

We will assign your appeal to someone who was not involved in making the original decision. You will receive a decision within 30 calendar days for a post-service claim.

If you are still not satisfied with the answer, you may make a second internal appeal. You must present your appeal within 60 calendar days from the date you receive the notice of the first appeal decision.

Another person may submit an appeal for you, including a provider. That person is called an authorized representative. You need to tell us if you choose to have someone else appeal for you (even if it is your provider). You should fill out an authorized representative form telling us you are allowing someone to appeal for you. You can get this form on our website or by contacting us. The form will tell you where to send it to us. You can use an authorized representative at any level of appeal.

At your last available level of appeal, we will give you any new or additional information we may find and use to review your claim. There is no cost to you. We will give you the information before we give you our decision. This decision is called the final adverse benefit determination. You can respond to the information before we tell you what our final decision is.

Exhaustion of appeal process
In most situations, you must complete the two levels of appeal with us before you can take these other actions:

- Contact the Guam Department of Insurance to request an investigation of a complaint or appeal
- File a complaint or appeal with the Guam Department of Insurance
- Pursue arbitration, litigation or other type of administrative proceeding

Sometimes you do not have to complete the two levels of appeal before you may take other actions. These situations are:

- You have an urgent claim or claim that involves ongoing treatment. You can have your claim reviewed internally and through the external review process at the same time.
- We did not follow all of the claim determination and appeal requirements of the state. But you will not be able to proceed directly to external review if:
  - The rule violation was minor and not likely to influence a decision or harm you
  - The violation was for a good cause or beyond our control
  - The violation was part of an ongoing, good faith exchange between you and us

Utilization review
Prescription drugs covered under this plan are subject to misuse, waste or abuse utilization review by us, your provider or your network pharmacy. The outcome of the review may include:

- Limiting coverage of a drug to one prescribing provider or one network pharmacy
- Quantity, dosage or day supply limits
• Requiring a partial fill or denial of coverage

**Recordkeeping**
We will keep the records of all complaints and appeals for at least 10 years.

**Fees and expenses**
We do not pay any fees or expenses incurred by you in pursuing a complaint or appeal.
Eligibility, starting and stopping coverage

Eligibility
Who is eligible
The policyholder decides and tells us who is eligible for health care coverage.

When you can join the plan
You can enroll:
- Once each year during the annual enrollment period
- At other special times during the year (see the Special times you can join the plan section below)

You can enroll eligible family members (these are your “dependents”) at this time too.

Who can be a dependent on this plan
You can enroll the following family
- Your legal spouse
- Your domestic partner who meets policyholder rules and requirements under state law
- Dependent children – yours or your spouse’s or partner’s
  - Dependent children must be:
    - Under 26 years of age
  - Dependent children include:
    - Natural children
    - Stepchildren
    - Adopted children including those placed with you for adoption
    - Children you are responsible for under a qualified medical support order or court order

Adding new dependents
You can add new dependents during the year. These include any dependents described in the Who can be a dependent on this plan section above.

Coverage begins on the date of the event for new dependents that join your plan for the following reasons:
- Birth
- Adoption or placement for adoption
- Marriage
- Legal guardianship
- Court or administrative order

We must receive a completed enrollment form not more than 31 after the event date.

Special times you and your dependents can join the plan
You can enroll in these situations:
- You didn't enroll before because you had other coverage and that coverage has ended
- Your COBRA coverage has ended
- A court orders that you cover a dependent on your health plan
- When your dependent moves outside the service area for your employee plan

We must receive the completed enrollment information within 31 days of the date when coverage ends.

You can also enroll in these situations:
• You or your dependent lose your eligibility for enrollment in Medicaid or an S-CHIP plan
• You are now eligible for state premium assistance under Medicaid or S-CHIP which will pay your premium contribution under this plan

We must receive the completed enrollment information within 60 days of the date when coverage ends.

**Notification of change in status**
Tell us of any changes that may affect your benefits. Please contact us as soon as possible when you have a:

- Change of address
- Dependent status change
- Dependent who enrolls in Medicare or any other health plan

**Starting Coverage**
Your coverage under this plan has a start and an end. You must start coverage after you complete the eligibility and enrollment process. You can ask your policyholder to confirm your effective date.

**Stopping Coverage**
Your coverage typically ends when you leave your job; but it can happen for other reasons. Ending coverage doesn’t always mean you lose coverage with us. There will be circumstances that will still allow you to continue coverage. See the *Special coverage options after your coverage ends* section.

We will send you notice if your coverage is ending. This notice will tell you the date that your coverage ends.

**When will your coverage end**
Your coverage under this plan will end if:

- This plan is no longer available
- You ask to end coverage
- The policyholder asks to end coverage
- You are no longer eligible for coverage, including when you move out of the service area
- Your work ends
- You stop making required contributions, if any apply
- We end your coverage
- You start coverage under another medical plan offered by your employer
- You have reached your overall maximum benefit under your plan

**When dependent coverage ends**
Dependent coverage will end if:

- A dependent is no longer eligible for coverage.
- You stop making premium contributions, if any apply.
- Your coverage ends for any of the reasons listed above except:
  - Exhaustion of your overall maximum benefit.
  - You enroll under a group Medicare plan we offer. However, dependent coverage will end if your coverage ends under the Medicare plan.
- Your dependent has exhausted the maximum benefit under your medical plan.
- The date this plan no longer allows coverage for domestic partners or civil unions.
- The date the domestic partnership or civil union ends.
  - You will need to complete a Declaration of Termination of Domestic Partnership.
What happens to your dependents if you die?
Coverage for dependents may continue for some time after your death. See the Special coverage options after your coverage ends section for more information.

Why would we end your coverage?
We may immediately end your coverage if you commit fraud or you intentionally misrepresented yourself when you applied for or obtained coverage. You can refer to the General provisions – other things you should know section for more information on rescissions.

On the date your coverage ends, we will refund to your employer any prepayment for periods after the date your coverage ended.

Special coverage options after your coverage ends

When coverage may continue under the plan
This section explains options you may have after your coverage ends under this plan. Your individual situation will determine what options you will have. Contact the policyholder to see what options apply to you.

In some cases, premium payment is required for coverage to continue. Your coverage will continue under the plan as long as the policyholder and we have agreed to do so. It is the policyholder’s responsibility to let us know when your work ends. If the policyholder and we agree in writing, we will extend the limits.

How can you extend coverage if you are totally disabled when coverage ends?
Your coverage may be extended if you are totally disabled when coverage ends.

Only the medical condition which caused the total disability is covered during your extension.

You are “totally disabled” if you cannot work at your occupation or any other occupation for pay or profit.

Your dependent is “totally disabled” if that person cannot engage in most normal activities of a healthy person of the same age and gender.

You may extend coverage only for services and supplies related to the disabling condition until the earliest of:

- When you or your dependents are no longer totally disabled
- When you become covered by another health benefits plan
- 12 months of coverage

How can you extend coverage for your disabled child beyond the plan age limits?
You have the right to extend coverage for your dependent child beyond plan age limits, if the child is not able to be self-supporting because of mental or physical disability and depends mainly (more than 50% of their income) on you for support.

The right to coverage will continue only as long as a physician certifies that your child still is disabled.

We may ask you to send us proof of the disability within 90 days of the date coverage would have ended. Before we extend coverage, we may ask that your child get a physical exam. We will pay for that exam.

We may ask you to send proof that your child is disabled after coverage is extended. We won’t ask for this proof more than once a year. You must send it to us within 31 days of our request. If you don’t, we can terminate coverage for your dependent child.
How can you extend coverage when getting inpatient care when coverage ends?
Your coverage may be extended if you are getting inpatient care in a hospital or skilled nursing facility when coverage ends.

Benefits are extended for the condition that caused the hospital or skilled nursing facility stay or for complications from the condition. Benefits aren’t extended for other medical conditions.

You can continue to get care for this condition until the earliest of:
- When you are discharged
- When you no longer need inpatient care
- When you become covered by another health benefits plan
- 12 months of coverage

How can you extend coverage for hearing services and supplies when coverage ends?
If you are not totally disabled when your coverage ends, coverage for hearing services and supplies may be extended for 30 days after your coverage ends:
- If the prescription for the hearing aid is written during the 30 days before your coverage ends
- If the hearing aid is ordered during the 30 days before your coverage ends

How can you extend coverage for a child in college on medical leave?
You have the right to extend coverage for your dependent college student who takes a medically necessary leave of absence from school. The right to coverage will be extended until the earlier of:
- One year after the leave of absence begins, or
- The date coverage would otherwise end.

To extend coverage the leave of absence must:
- Begin while the dependent child is suffering from a serious illness or injury,
- Cause the dependent child to lose status as a full-time student under the plan, and
- Be certified by the treating doctor as medically necessary due to a serious illness or injury.

The doctor treating your child will be asked to keep us informed of any changes.

General provisions – other things you should know

Administrative provisions
How you and we will interpret this certificate
We prepared this certificate according to ERISA and other federal and state laws that apply. You and we will interpret it according to these laws. Also, you are bound by our interpretation of this certificate when we administer your coverage.

How we administer this plan
We apply policies and procedures we’ve developed to administer this plan.

Who’s responsible to you
We are responsible to you for what our employees and other agents do.

We are not responsible for what is done by your providers. Even network providers are not our employees or agents.
Coverage and services
Your coverage can change
Your coverage is defined by the group policy. This document may have amendments and riders too. Under certain circumstances, we, the policyholder or the law may change your plan. When an emergency or epidemic is declared, we may modify or waive precertification, prescription quantity limits or your cost share if you are affected. Only we may waive a requirement of your plan. No other person, including the policyholder or provider, can do this.

If a service cannot be provided to you
Sometimes things happen outside of our control. These are things such as natural disasters, epidemics, fire, and riots.

We will try hard to get you access to the services you need even if these things happen. But if we can’t, we may refund any unearned premium.

Legal action
You must complete the internal appeal process before you take any legal action against us for any expense or bill. See the Complaints, claim decisions and appeal procedures section. You cannot take any action until 60 days after we receive written submission of a claim.

No legal action can be brought to recover payment under any benefit after 3 years from the deadline for filing claims.

Physical examinations and evaluations
At our expense, we have the right to have a physician of our choice examine you. This will be done at reasonable times while certification or a claim for benefits is pending or under review.

Records of expenses
You should keep complete records of your expenses. They may be needed for a claim. Important things to keep are:

- Names of physicians and others who furnish services
- Dates expenses are incurred
- Copies of all bills and receipts

Honest mistakes and intentional deception
Honest mistakes
You or the policyholder may make an honest mistake when you share facts with us. When we learn of the mistake, we may make a fair change in premium contribution or in your coverage. If we do, we will tell you what the mistake was. We won’t make a change if the mistake happened more than 2 years before we learned of it.

Intentional deception
If we learn that you defrauded us or you intentionally misrepresented material facts, we can take actions that can have serious consequences for your coverage. These serious consequences include, but are not limited to:

- Loss of coverage, starting at some time in the past
- Loss of coverage going forward
- Denial of benefits
- Recovery of amounts we already paid

We also may report fraud to criminal authorities.
Rescission means you lose coverage both going forward and going backward. If we paid claims for your past coverage, we will want the money back.

You have special rights if we rescind your coverage:

- We will give you 30 days advance written notice of any rescission of coverage
- You have the right to an _____ appeal
- You have the right to a third party review conducted by an independent ERO

**Some other money issues**

**Assignment of benefits**
When you see a network provider, they will usually bill us directly. When you see an out-of-network provider, we may choose to pay you or to pay the provider directly. To the extent allowed by law, we will not accept an assignment to an out-of-network provider.

**Financial sanctions exclusions**
If coverage provided under this certificate violates or will violate any economic or trade sanctions, the coverage will be invalid immediately. For example, we cannot pay for covered services if it violates a financial sanction regulation. This includes sanctions related to a person or a country under sanction by the United States, unless it is allowed under a written license from the Office of Foreign Asset Control (OFAC).

You can find out more by visiting [http://www.treasury.gov/resource-center/sanctions/Pages/default.aspx](http://www.treasury.gov/resource-center/sanctions/Pages/default.aspx).

**Premium contribution**
Your plan requires that the policyholder make premium contribution payments. We will not pay for benefits if premium contributions are not made. Any decision to not pay benefits can be appealed.

**Recovery of overpayments**
We sometimes pay too much for covered services or pay for something that this plan doesn’t cover. If we do, we can require the person we paid, you or your provider, to return what we paid. If we don’t do that, we have the right to reduce any future benefit payments by the amount we paid by mistake.

**When you are injured**
If someone else caused you to need care – say, a careless driver who injured you in a car crash – you may have a right to get money. We are entitled to that money, up to the amount we pay for your care. We have that right no matter whom the money comes from – for example, the other driver, the policyholder, or another insurance company.

To help us get paid back, you are doing these things now:

- Agreeing to repay us from money you receive because of your injury.
- Giving us the right to seek money in your name, from any person who causes you injury and from your own insurance. We can seek money only up to the amount we paid for your care.
- Agreeing to cooperate with us so we can get paid back in full. For example, you’ll tell us within 30 days of when you seek money for your injury or illness. You’ll hold any money you receive until we are paid in full. And you’ll give us the right to money you get, ahead of everyone else.
- Agreeing to provide us notice of any money you will be receiving before pay out, or within 5 days of when you receive the money.

We don’t have to reduce the amount we’re due for any reason, even to help pay your lawyer or pay other costs you incurred to get a recovery.
Your health information
We will protect your health information. We will only use or share it with others as needed for your care and treatment. We will also use and share it to help us process your claims and manage your plan.

You can get a free copy of our Notice of Privacy Practices. Just contact us.

When you accept coverage under this plan, you agree to let your providers share information with us. We need information about your physical and mental condition and care.

Effect of benefits under other plans
Allowable amount
See How your plan works – What the plan pays and what you pay.

Behavioral health provider
A health professional who is properly licensed or certified to provide covered services for mental health and substance related disorders in the state where the person practices.

Brand-name prescription drug
An FDA-approved drug marketed with a specific name by the company that manufactures it; often the same company that developed and patents it.

Coinsurance
A percentage paid by a covered person for a covered service.

Copay/copayments
A dollar amount or percentage paid by a covered person for a covered service.

Covered service
The benefits, subject to varying cost shares, covered in this plan. These are:
- Described in the Providing covered services section
- Not listed as an exclusion in the Coverage and exclusions – Providing covered services section or the General plan exclusions section
- Not beyond any limits in the schedule of benefits
- Medically necessary. See the How your plan works – Medical necessity, referral and precertification requirements section and the Glossary for more information

Deductible
The amount a covered person pays for covered services per year before we start to pay.

Detoxification
The process of getting alcohol or other drugs out of an addicted person’s system and getting them physically stable.

Drug guide
A list of prescription drugs and devices established by us or an affiliate. It does not include all prescription drugs and devices. This list can be reviewed and changed by us or an affiliate. A copy is available at your request. Go to ____________________.

Emergency medical condition
A severe medical condition that:
- Comes on suddenly
- Needs immediate medical care
- Leads a person with average knowledge of health and medicine to believe that, without immediate medical care, it could result in:
  - Danger to life or health
  - Loss of a bodily function
- Loss of function to a body part or organ
- Danger to the health of an unborn baby

Emergency services
Treatment given in a hospital's emergency room. This includes evaluation of and treatment to stabilize the emergency medical condition.

Experimental or investigational
Drugs, treatments or tests not yet accepted by physicians or by insurance plans as standard treatment. They may not be proven as effective or safe for most people.

A drug, device, procedure, or treatment is experimental or investigational if:
- There is not enough outcome data available from controlled clinical trials published in the peer-reviewed literature to validate its safety and effectiveness for the illness or injury involved.
- The needed approval by the FDA has not been given for marketing.
- A national medical or dental society or regulatory agency has stated in writing that it is experimental or investigational or suitable mainly for research purposes.
- It is the subject of a Phase I, Phase II or the experimental or research arm of a Phase III clinical trial. These terms have the meanings given by regulations and other official actions and publications of the FDA and Department of Health and Human Services.
- Written protocols or a written consent form used by a facility provider state that it is experimental or investigational.

Formulary exclusions list
A list of prescription drugs not covered under the plan. This list is subject to change.

Generic prescription drug
An FDA-approved drug with the same intended use as the brand-name product. It offers the same:
- Dosage
- Safety
- Strength
- Quality
- Performance

Health professional
A person who is authorized by law to provide health care services to the public; for example, physicians, nurses and physical therapists.

Home health care agency
An agency authorized by law to provide home health services, such as skilled nursing and other therapeutic services.

Hospital
An institution licensed as a hospital by applicable law and accredited by The Joint Commission (TJC). This is a place that offers medical care. Patients can stay overnight for care. Or they can be treated and leave the same day. All hospitals must meet set standards of care. They can offer general or acute care. They can also offer service in one area, like rehabilitation.
Infertile/infertility
A disease defined by the failure to become pregnant:
- For a female with a male partner, after:
  - 1 year of frequent, unprotected heterosexual sexual intercourse if under the age of 35
  - 6 months of frequent, unprotected heterosexual sexual intercourse if age 35 or older
- For a female without a male partner, after:
  - At least 12 cycles of donor insemination if under the age of 35
  - 6 cycles of donor insemination if age 35 or older
- For a male without a female partner, after:
  - At least 2 abnormal semen analyses obtained at least 2 weeks apart

Jaw joint disorder
This is:
- A temporomandibular joint (TMJ) dysfunction or any similar disorder of the jaw joint
- A myofascial pain dysfunction (MPD) of the jaw
- Any similar disorder in the relationship between the jaw joint and the related muscles and nerves

Lifetime maximum
The most this plan will pay for covered services incurred by a covered person during their lifetime.

Mail order pharmacy
A pharmacy where prescription drugs are legally dispensed by mail or another carrier.

Medically necessary/medical necessity
Health care services that we determine a provider, exercising prudent clinical judgment, would provide to a patient for the purpose of preventing, evaluating, diagnosing, or treating an illness, injury, disease or its symptoms, and that we determine are:
- In accordance with generally accepted standards of medical practice
- Clinically appropriate, in terms of type, frequency, extent, site and duration, and considered effective for the patient’s illness, injury or disease
- Not primarily for the convenience of the patient, physician or other health care provider
- Not more costly than an alternative service or sequence of services at least as likely to produce equivalent therapeutic or diagnostic results as to the diagnosis or treatment of that patient’s illness, injury or disease

Generally accepted standards of medical practice means:
- Standards that are based on credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community
- Following the standards set forth in our clinical policies and applying clinical judgment

Mental disorder
A mental disorder is in general, a set of symptoms or behavior associated with distress and interference with personal function. A complete definition of mental disorder is in the most recent edition of The International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Edition (ICD-10).

Negotiated charge
See How your plan works – What the plan pays and what you pay.
Network provider
A provider listed in the directory for your plan. A NAP provider listed in the NAP directory is not a network provider. A network provider can also be referred to as an in-network provider.

Out-of-network provider
A provider who is not a network provider.

Physician
A health professional trained and licensed to practice and prescribe medicine under the laws of the state where they practice; specifically, doctors of medicine or osteopathy. Under some plans, a physician can also be a primary care physician (PCP).

Precertification, precertify
Pre-approval that you or your provider receives from us before you receive certain covered services. This may include a determination by us as to whether the service is medically necessary and eligible for coverage.

Preferred drug
A prescription drug or device that may have a lower out-of-pocket cost than a non-preferred drug.

Prescription drug
This is an instruction written by a physician that authorizes a patient to receive a service, supply, medicine or treatment.

Provider(s)
A physician, health professional, person, or facility, licensed or certified by law to provide health care services to you. If state law does not specifically provide for licensure or certification, they must meet all Medicare approval standards even if they don’t participate in Medicare.

Psychiatric hospital
An institution licensed or certified as a psychiatric hospital by applicable laws to provide a program for the diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of alcoholism, drug abuse or mental disorders (including substance related disorders).

Residential treatment facility
An institution specifically licensed as a residential treatment facility by applicable laws to provide for mental health or substance related disorder residential treatment programs. It is credentialed by us or is accredited by one of the following agencies, commissions or committees for the services being provided:
- The Joint Commission (TJC)
- The Committee on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities (CARF)
- The American Osteopathic Association’s Healthcare Facilities Accreditation Program (HFAP)
- The Council on Accreditation (COA)

In addition to the above requirements, an institution must meet the following:
For residential treatment programs treating mental disorders:
- A behavioral health provider must be actively on duty 24 hours/day for 7 days/week
- The patient must be treated by a psychiatrist at least once per week
- The medical director must be a psychiatrist
- It is not a wilderness treatment program (whether or not the program is part of a licensed residential treatment facility or otherwise licensed institution)
For substance related residential treatment programs:
- A behavioral health provider or an appropriately state certified professional (CADC, CAC, etc.) must be actively on duty during the day and evening therapeutic programming.
- The medical director must be a physician.
- It is not a wilderness treatment program (whether or not the program is part of a licensed residential treatment facility or otherwise licensed institution).

For detoxification programs within a residential setting:
- An R.N. must be onsite 24 hours/day for 7 days/week within a residential setting.
- Residential care must be provided under the direct supervision of a physician.

**Retail pharmacy**
A community pharmacy that dispenses outpatient prescription drugs at retail prices.

**Room and board**
A facility’s charge for your overnight stay and other services and supplies expressed as a daily or weekly rate.

**Semi-private room rate**
An institution’s room and board charge for most beds in rooms with 2 or more beds. If there are no such rooms, we will calculate the rate based on the rate most commonly charged by similar institutions in the same geographic area.

**Skilled nursing facility**
A facility specifically licensed as a skilled nursing facility by applicable laws to provide skilled nursing care.

**Skilled nursing facilities** also include:
- Rehabilitation hospitals
- Portions of a rehabilitation hospital
- A hospital designated for skilled or rehabilitation services

**Skilled nursing facility** does not include institutions that provide only:
- Minimal care
- Custodial care
- Ambulatory care
- Part-time care

It does not include institutions that primarily provide for the care and treatment of mental disorders or substance related disorders.

**Skilled nursing services**
Services provided by a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse within the scope of their license.

**Specialist**
A physician who practices in any generally accepted medical or surgical sub-specialty.

**Specialty prescription drugs**
These are prescription drugs that include typically high-cost drugs that require special handling, special storage or monitoring and may include things such as oral, topical, inhaled and injected routes of administration. You can contact us to access the list of specialty drugs.
**Specialty pharmacy**
This is a pharmacy designated by us as a network pharmacy to fill prescriptions for specialty prescription drugs.

**Stay**
A full-time inpatient confinement for which a room and board charge is made.

**Step therapy**
A form of precertification under which certain prescription drugs are excluded from coverage, unless a first-line therapy drug is used first by you. The list of step therapy drugs is subject to change by us or an affiliate. An updated copy of the list of drugs subject to step therapy is available upon request or on our website at ____________________________

**Substance related disorder**
This is a physical or psychological dependency, or both, on a drug or alcohol. These are defined in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM) published by the American Psychiatric Association. This term does not include an addiction to nicotine products, food or caffeine.

**Surgery or surgical procedures**
The diagnosis and treatment of injury, deformity and disease by manual and instrumental means, such as:
- Cutting
- Abrading
- Suturing
- Destruction
- Ablation
- Removal
- Lasering
- Introduction of a catheter (e.g., heart or bladder catheterization) or scope (e.g., colonoscopy or other types of endoscopy)
- Correction of fracture
- Reduction of dislocation
- Application of plaster casts
- Injection into a joint
- Injection of sclerosing solution
- Otherwise physically changing body tissues and organs

**Telemedicine**
A consultation between you and a provider who is performing a clinical medical or behavioral health service that can be provided electronically by:
- Two-way audiovisual teleconferencing
- Telephone calls
- Any other method required by law

**Terminal illness**
A medical prognosis that you are not likely to live more than 12 months.

**Urgent condition**
An illness or injury that requires prompt medical attention but is not a life-threatening emergency medical condition.
**Walk-in clinic**
A health care facility that provides limited medical care on a scheduled and unscheduled basis. A *walk-in clinic* may be located in, near or within a:

- Drug store
- Pharmacy
- Retail store
- Supermarket

The following are not considered a *walk-in clinic*:

- Ambulatory surgical center
- Emergency room
- **Hospital**
- Outpatient department of a **hospital**
- Physician’s office
- Urgent care facility
Additional Information Provided by

Government of Guam

Receive Information about Your Plan and Benefits
Examine, without charge, at the Plan Administrator’s office and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls, all documents governing the Plan, including insurance contracts, collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) that is filed by the Plan with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

Obtain, upon written request to the Plan Administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the Plan, including insurance contracts, collective bargaining agreements, and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series), and an updated Summary Plan Description. The Administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.

Receive a summary of the Plan’s annual financial report. The Plan Administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Receive a copy of the procedures used by the Plan for determining a qualified domestic relations order (QDRO) or a qualified medical child support order (QMCSO).

Prudent Actions by Plan Fiduciaries
In addition to creating rights for plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the employee benefit plan. The people who operate your Plan, called “fiduciaries” of the Plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in your interest and that of other plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person, may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a welfare benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

Enforce Your Rights
If your claim for a welfare benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request materials from the Plan and do not receive them within 30 days you may file suit in a federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan Administrator to provide the materials and pay up to $110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Administrator.

If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or federal court. In addition, if you disagree with the Plan’s decision or lack thereof concerning the status of a domestic relations order or a medical child support order, you may file suit in a federal court.

If it should happen that plan fiduciaries misuse the Plan's money or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor or you may file suit in a federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds your claim is frivolous.
Assistance with Your Questions
If you have any questions about your Plan, you should contact the Plan Administrator.

Statement of Rights under the Newborns' and Mothers' Health Protection Act
Under federal law, group health plans and health insurance issuers offering group health insurance coverage generally may not restrict benefits for any hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a delivery by cesarean section. However, the plan or issuer may pay for a shorter stay if the attending provider (e.g., your physician, nurse midwife, or physician assistant), after consultation with the mother, discharges the mother or newborn earlier.

Also, under federal law, plans and issuers may not set the level of benefits or out-of-pocket costs so that any later portion of the 48-hour (or 96-hour) stay is treated in a manner less favorable to the mother or newborn than any earlier portion of the stay.

In addition, a plan or issuer may not, under federal law, require that you, your physician, or other health care provider obtain authorization for prescribing a length of stay of up to 48 hours (or 96 hours). However, you may be required to obtain precertification for any days of confinement that exceed 48 hours (or 96 hours). For information on precertification, contact your plan administrator.

Notice Regarding Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act
Under this health plan, as required by the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998, coverage will be provided to a person who is receiving benefits in connection with a mastectomy and who elects breast reconstruction in connection with the mastectomy for:

(1) all stages of reconstruction of the breast on which a mastectomy has been performed;
(2) surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance;
(3) prostheses; and
(4) treatment of physical complications of all stages of mastectomy, including lymphedemas.

This coverage will be provided in consultation with the attending physician and the patient, and will be provided in accordance with the plan design, limitations, copays, deductibles, and referral requirements, if any, as outlined in your plan documents.

If you have any questions about our coverage of mastectomies and reconstructive surgery, please contact the Member Services number on your ID card.

Confidentiality Notice

______ considers personal information to be confidential and has policies and procedures in place to protect it against unlawful use and disclosure. By "personal information," we mean information that relates to a member's physical or mental health or condition, the provision of health care to the member, or payment for the provision of health care or disability or life benefits to the member. Personal information does not include publicly available information or information that is available or reported in a summarized or aggregate fashion but does not identify the member.

When necessary or appropriate for your care or treatment, the operation of our health, disability or life insurance plans, or other related activities, we use personal information internally, share it with our affiliates, and disclose it to health care providers (doctors, dentists, pharmacies, hospitals and other caregivers), payors (health care provider organizations, employers who sponsor self-funded health plans or who share responsibility for the payment of benefits, and others who may be financially responsible for payment for the services or benefits you receive under your plan), other insurers, third party administrators, vendors, consultants, government authorities, and their respective agents. These parties are required to keep personal information confidential as provided by applicable law. In our health plans, participating network providers are also required to give you access to your medical records within a reasonable amount of time after you make a request.

Some of the ways in which personal information is used include claim payment; utilization review and management; medical necessity reviews; coordination of care and benefits; preventive health, early detection, vocational rehabilitation and disease and case management; quality assessment and improvement activities; auditing and anti-fraud activities; performance measurement and outcomes assessment; health, disability and life claims analysis and reporting; health services, disability and life research; data and information systems management; compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; formulary management; litigation proceedings; transfer of policies or contracts to and from other insurers, HMOs and third party administrators; underwriting activities; and due diligence activities in connection with the purchase or sale of some or all of our business. We consider these activities key for the operation of our health, disability and life plans. To the extent permitted by law, we use and disclose personal information as provided above without member consent. However, we recognize that many members do not want to receive unsolicited marketing materials unrelated to their health, disability and life benefits. We do not disclose personal information for these marketing purposes unless the member consents. We also have policies addressing circumstances in which members are unable to give consent.

To obtain a copy of our Notice of Privacy Practices, which describes in greater detail our practices concerning use and disclosure of personal information, please call the toll-free Member Services number on your ID card or visit our Internet site at ________________.
Continuation of Coverage During an Approved Leave of Absence Granted to Comply With Federal Law

This continuation of coverage section applies only for the period of any approved family or medical leave (approved FMLA leave) required by Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (FMLA). If your Employer grants you an approved FMLA leave for a period in excess of the period required by FMLA, any continuation of coverage during that excess period will be subject to prior written agreement between __________ and your Employer.

If your Employer grants you an approved FMLA leave in accordance with FMLA, you may, during the continuance of such approved FMLA leave, continue Health Expense Benefits for you and your eligible dependents.

At the time you request the leave, you must agree to make any contributions required by your Employer to continue coverage. Your Employer must continue to make premium payments.

If Health Expense Benefits has reduction rules applicable by reason of age or retirement, Health Expense Benefits will be subject to such rules while you are on FMLA leave.

Coverage will not be continued beyond the first to occur of:

- The date you are required to make any contribution and you fail to do so.
- The date your Employer determines your approved FMLA leave is terminated.
- The date the coverage involved discontinues as to your eligible class. However, coverage for health expenses may be available to you under another plan sponsored by your Employer.

Any coverage being continued for a dependent will not be continued beyond the date it would otherwise terminate.

If Health Expense Benefits terminate because your approved FMLA leave is deemed terminated by your Employer, you may, on the date of such termination, be eligible for Continuation Under Federal Law on the same terms as though your employment terminated, other than for gross misconduct, on such date. If the group contract provides any other continuation of coverage (for example, upon termination of employment, death, divorce or ceasing to be a defined dependent), you (or your eligible dependents) may be eligible for such continuation on the date your Employer determines your approved FMLA leave is terminated or the date of the event for which the continuation is available.

If you acquire a new dependent while your coverage is continued during an approved FMLA leave, the dependent will be eligible for the continued coverage on the same terms as would be applicable if you were actively at work, not on an approved FMLA leave.

If you return to work for your Employer following the date your Employer determines the approved FMLA leave is terminated, your coverage under the group contract will be in force as though you had continued in active employment rather than going on an approved FMLA leave provided you make request for such coverage within 31 days of the date your Employer determines the approved FMLA leave to be terminated. If you do not make such request within 31 days, coverage will again be effective under the group contract only if and when ________ gives its written consent.

If any coverage being continued terminates because your Employer determines the approved FMLA leave is terminated, any Conversion Privilege will be available on the same terms as though your employment had terminated on the date your Employer determines the approved FMLA leave is terminated.